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Spring Work

Is it not glorious that we can work in such a beautiful world! And that we can work at such pleasant tasks, and for such dear folks! We will get crops this year that will knock down the high cost of living!

We all feel like the woman who was asked if it was not hard work to get a special dinner on Sunday, "O, no," she said, "it's pure pleasure to cook for your friends."

Law and Order for the World

Most of us have studied geography, or at least read the newspapers. The world is round, and most of it is inhabited. Each neighbor nation is a help or a hurt to those whose boundaries touch it.

Some savage tribes only kill each other but the Turks are great for killing their peaceful neighbors. It is high time the League of Nations put some handcuffs on Turkey. It makes one's blood boil to hear how the Turks are butchering the Armenians and other peaceful folks. By the way, we wish America was in the League of Nations, to do its share for the law and order of the world.

Opening of Spring Term

Berea's Spring Term began Wednesday.

The Winter Term was "the greatest ever," having a total enrolment of 1895 besides the children in the model schools.

The great events have been the Influenza and the Protracted Meeting, both of which called out some of the best traits of our young people. The regular work of study and classroom has been too much disturbed, but we are all much wiser than we were a few weeks ago.

Now comes the Spring Term, crown of the year. We ought to be able to learn twice as fast as the beginning of the year, and to enjoy it twice as much—and we shall!

PARTY PLEDGES ON LIQUOR LAWS KEPT

The Kentucky legislature kept the pledges made by both political parties in the matter of law-enforcement legislation to back up the state and federal prohibition amendments. Not only was a drastic law-enforcement law enacted, modeled on the Volstead national prohibition act, but a statute which will make moonshining a risky, as well as unprofitable business, was put on the statute books, and still another law levies a tax of 50 cents a gallon on whiskey in bonded warehouses, to be paid on its removal for any purpose, such as its sale for medicinal uses, and from this latter tax, the state will derive a considerable revenue.

Party lines were disregarded in the vote on these bills. Few of the members of either house opposed prohibition enforcement, only six senators voted against the law-enforcement bill on final passage. While the vote in the House was larger, some of it was on account of certain provisions rather than to express opposition to the enforcement of the prohibition law. The great danger of bootlegged

whisky, or alleged whisky, and the many frauds perpetrated on the buyers of such booze have operated to reduce that business greatly. Those who in former years wanted their drink and would have it, one way or another, will not now buy from bootleggers, on account of the wood alcohol scare and the bogus substitutes that have been peddled as whisky.

The decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in cases in which the liquor people have resisted the new prohibition laws uniformly have upheld these laws, and the decisions in the cases involving the validity of the national amendment now pending, are awaited with considerable interest, but with confidence, by the prohibition advocates.

First violations of the provisions of the law-enforcement bill are punishable by a fine of \$50 to \$300 and imprisonment for not less than 30 days nor more than 60 days. Second violations are punishable by confinement in the penitentiary for not less than one nor more than three years, and for the third violation, the penalty is not less than five nor more than ten years in the penitentiary.

SKILLED SURGEONS LEAVE U. S. HEALTH SERVICE

Low Pay Drives Efficient Doctors to Private Practice, Says the Surgeon General.

Washington, March 17.—Low pay has depleted the professional personnel of the public health service, Surgeon General Cummings said, until the force is entirely inadequate to care for former soldiers in addition to its regular work.

"We are today caring for 12,000 discharged soldiers, sailors and marines in our hospitals with an insufficient force," the surgeon general said. "We cannot get the medical personnel for the lower grades to operate the hospitals. We cannot get specialists who are necessary in the care of tuberculosis patients and the mentally deranged. We cannot attract to the corps a sufficient number of highly trained

surgeons to perform delicate operations.

"In one disease alone, tuberculosis, we will have to care for 12,000 soldiers within the next year. It is almost a hopeless undertaking unless we can get the doctors, and we simply cannot under the present rate of pay."

"We have sent men to the many medical centers in the hope of interesting young physicians, but without success. The pay offers no inducements. Meantime the number of discharged soldiers admitted to the hospitals is rapidly increasing."

"To make matters even worse, about 10 per cent of the officers in the regular corps have resigned and the vacancies are unfilled. These officers were on duty in the quarantine division to prevent epidemic diseases from Europe and from Asia; in the research division studying diseases such as influenza; in the medical inspection of aliens, and in numerous other lines of service work in addition to health service hospital functions."

GREAT UPRISING IN TURKEY

Commander of Thrace is Leading Nationalist Movement Against the Peace Terms.

London, March 19.—A great nationalist uprising in Turkey is reported. Colonel Jartayar, commander of Thrace, is leading the movement. He has established an independent government at Adrianople. Jartayar's movement is directed as a nation-wide campaign against the peace terms.

Later it was learned that the nationalist movement is spreading throughout Asia Minor.

Colonel Jartayar has issued a proclamation denouncing the armistice between Turkey and the allies and threatening to oppose force to any allied coercion and resistance to any peace terms not acceptable to the Turkish nationalists.

CHILDREN SUFFER MOST IN VIENNA



Huddled in all the clothes she has in the room she is fighting to keep for her home. This mother is trying to keep warmth in her baby and herself—The plight of the poverty stricken in Vienna has been terrible and it is such situations as shown here that has compelled thousands of Austrian families to give up their children and allow them to be sent to neighboring countries to save them from starvation. This is but one of the thousands of similar cases.

Kentucky News

Governor Morrow signed the bill to fix the State tax rate on chickens at ten cents on the \$100. The main purpose of the bill is to exempt chickens from taxation as it allows each family twenty-five chickens free from taxation.

The so-called Ross Bill, pushed through the General Assembly by Sheriff Ross, Louisville, over the opposition of Chesley Searcy and increasing salaries of all the deputy county officers in Jefferson, was vetoed this afternoon by Governor Morrow, who had previously declared that he would veto all bills for increasing salaries.

Middlesboro, March 22.—Miners today in Harlan county are said to be organized and searching for members of the Baldwin detective agency, recently on duty in the Upper Banner Fork coal mines, following the killing of two men, fatal wounding of three others in a clash between miners and guards Saturday afternoon at dusk, at the Banner Fork mines on Wallins Creek.

Hundreds of persons in Cincinnati were forced to leave their homes when water from the rising Ohio River crept into their abodes. The river has reached a stage of more than fifty-two feet. The crest is not expected to be reached before Sunday, when the stage is expected to be at fifty-four feet.

Frankfort, March 22.—Beginning Wednesday when he goes to Louisville to address the Woman's Club, Governor Morrow will spend a week attending public functions and making speeches.

Harlan, Ky., March 23.—Sheriff J. J. Bensley said today that while every precaution is being taken to allay the ill feeling, and the Baldwin guards, against whom feeling was principally directed, have left for West Virginia, he is afraid that further disorders will start almost any minute.

NAVY SHY ON FUEL OIL BIDS

Prices Are 100 Per Cent Above Those in Current Contracts—No Concessions Made.

Washington, March 17.—Fuel oil bids opened by the navy department covered less than one-fifth of the 5,000,000 barrels asked for, and prices quoted were more than 100 per cent above those in current contracts.

A quotation of around \$4.20 a barrel for delivery of 600,000 barrels at Atlantic coast ports, submitted by the Texas Oil company, and of \$3.65 on 60,000 barrels, submitted by the Standard Oil company, constituted the total bids received. These prices, it was said, show practically no concession from the prevailing market quotations.

While no action has yet been taken on the bids, Secretary Daniels recently stated that he would insist on an adequate supply of fuel oil for the navy's fighting ships at "reasonable" prices.

U. S. News

The Treaty of Versailles was returned to President Wilson today by the Senate, after it had failed of ratification for a fourth time.

There was no intimation as to what President Wilson would do with the treaty. White House officials said the usual procedure would be to send it to the State Department for "bureaucratic" review. The document which was returned to the Senate by the President in person last July 19, was taken to the White House by George A. Sanderson, secretary of the Senate. He was accompanied by two Senate clerks, and the party was received by Rudolph Forster, executive clerk of the White House. Mr. Forster did not accept the treaty, however, the visitors being referred to Secretary Tamm.

The Federal Council of the Churches of Christ in America, composed of thirty-two Protestant denominations, and the Interchurch World Movement, representing 30 Protestant denominations, have united in a call to the churches of the United States to observe the week, beginning March 28, and closing Easter Sunday, as a week of prayer and evangelistic services.

Olympia, Wash., March 22.—Ratification of the proposed suffrage amendment to the federal constitution was completed by the Washington legislature late today when the Senate unanimously passed a resolution ratifying the amendment. The resolution previously had been passed by the House.

Washington is the thirty-fifth state to ratify the amendment.

Sioux Falls, S. D., March 23.—That the Republican Presidential preferential primary will result in one of the closest elections ever held in this state was demonstrated on the face of early returns received at campaign headquarters here tonight.

Gompers Reveals Program.

Washington.—Samuel Gompers, writing in the current issue of The American Federationist, asserts that labor's nonpartisan political fight will be aimed particularly at "defeat of those candidates who are enemies of labor. The fight is on," the article said. "Labor has no weapon but the truth, no force but the force of reason and argument. Its appeal is to the heart and brain of America. Its aim is the welfare of the American nation, the safeguarding of American democracy. Labor's partisanship in America has been to principles, not to parties or to men." Asserting that labor's right had been "menaced by many present holders of political power," Gompers said the injunction process had been "abused" until it "scarcely would be recognized by its originators."

TREATY IS KILLED BY THE SENATE

Votes to Keep Out of the League of Nations.

GOES BACK TO PRESIDENT

Body by a Vote of 49 to 35 Makes the Controversy a Campaign Issue—Members Prepare to Vote Separate Peace.

Washington, March 20.—The senate rejected the treaty of peace with Germany and sent it back to the White House with a resolution informing the president that the senate would not consent to its ratification.

For the second time since the treaty, with the covenant of the League of Nations, was brought back from Paris by President Wilson, the senate refused to give it the approval that is necessary to bind the United States to the engagements which it imposes upon the nation.

Exactly four months ago to the day the treaty was refused ratification by the vote of 41 to 51. Today's vote was 49 to 35, the majority in favor of ratification being seven votes short of the two-thirds required by the Constitution.

Goes Back to Wilson.

Immediately following the vote by which the treaty was rejected, the senate adopted a resolution by Senator Lodge directing the secretary to return the treaty to the president and notify him that ratification could not be accomplished. The vote on the adoption of this resolution was 47 to 37.

Before the senate convenes next Monday a messenger from the office of the secretary of the senate will have deposited at the White House the document which has been the cause of the most bitter struggle in the history of the senate.

Once in the hands of the president, the senate will have no authority to recall it, and the president is not likely to return it to the senate unless he can obtain reasonable assurance that ratification can be had.

A Campaign Issue.

In view of the president's desire to take the treaty into the campaign, it is not believed by any of his followers in the senate that he will for a moment consider sending the treaty back to the senate, at least until after the campaign is over.

The senate will immediately turn its attention to the proposition of declaring peace with Germany by a resolution which both houses of congress will be asked to pass.

Senator Knox began the discussion of his resolution on the subject shortly after the vote against the treaty had been recorded.

That such a resolution will pass is conceded by the ablest leaders of the senate, in view of the second failure of the attempt to bring about peace by ratification of the treaty.

When news of the senate's action was flashed to the White House it failed to bring forth one word of comment. Joseph P. Tamm, secretary to the president, was at the executive offices until the senate adjourned, and the information of the defeat of the treaty was promptly transmitted to the president. But after the adjournment of the senate, Mr. Tamm went home. He announced there would be no statement from the president.

Statement by Leaders.

Senator Lodge—"The treaty is gone. It has been rejected by the senate and sent back to the president. If the president chooses to return it to the senate it will have to go through the same process as before. If it goes to the foreign relations committee he will have a mighty hard time getting it out. If the president desires to make a campaign issue of it the Republicans are perfectly willing to meet it."

Senator Hitchcock—"I am glad the ratification did not carry on the Lodge reservations, but the result was about what I expected. It will now be up to the president and he will have to take the initiative."

CONSIDER PURE FABRIC ACT

Bills Require Manufacturers to Stamp and Tag Goods in Manner Designated by Secretary of Commerce.

Washington, March 20.—A "pure fabrics" law was under consideration by the house interstate and foreign commerce committee. In some respects the proposed legislation is modeled on the pure food law. It is proposed in bills considered by the committee to require manufacturers of woven fabrics, or of yarns, or of articles of apparel made from either to be stamped and tagged in a manner designated by the secretary of commerce as to the correct percentage by weight of virgin wool, reworked wool, shoddy, cotton or silk contained in the fabric, yarn, or article. The name and address of the manufacturer shall be placed on the tag or stamp.

World News

The Senate, after several attempts to ratify the Peace Treaty, finally failed and the document was returned to President Wilson. Senator Lodge refused to agree to any statement of Article Ten that would allow the United States under any conditions to go to the aid of a country in danger of attack from outside enemies and thus the League of Nations was rendered of little avail so far as the United States is concerned.

What course will be pursued by President Wilson in connection with the Peace Treaty cannot now be foreseen. From previous statements made, he may refer the matter to the people of the country as an issue in the presidential election. There are many objections to this course, but it may be necessary. The long delay that would ensue before a result could be known would be bad for all interests at home as well as abroad.

The monarchist revolution in Germany has been overturned and the Ebert government is once more in power in Berlin. This result was brought to pass by the appeal to the workmen to make a general strike. This was done and it showed how small was the popular support for the Kapp regime. Once aroused, however, the workmen have been stirred to press for a Soviet form of government and bloody conflicts are occurring in several cities.

Along the Rhine section of Germany Soviet governments have been set up and difficult problems have been raised on account of the invasion of the neutral zone, set by the Treaty of Versailles. Armed forces are forbidden entrance to this zone, but it has been done in violation of all agreements. The Allies have increased their force along the frontier so that they may be prepared for any emergency. It is admitted that the situation is serious.

The United States has taken notice of conditions in Germany by suggesting that food supplies cannot be sent if the radical element gains the upper hand. President Ebert is beset with very hard problems. His Minister of Defense, Noske, moreover, has resigned and some other members of his cabinet. Close watch is being kept over the former emperor and the crown prince in Holland.

The rule of the Sultan in Turkey seems to be on the eve of downfall. Troops of the Allies occupy Constantinople and rows of British battleships guard the water passage. The Turks in Asia Minor are separated almost entirely from their European countrymen. The greatest opposition to the downfall of Turkey in Europe comes from the national party in Asia, under Mustapha. He expresses scorn of the Sultan as lacking strength for the emergency.

Holland is laying plans for a large fleet of merchant vessels. They are to be modern in every sense and to be run by oil. The Dutch are by nature a trading people and in former times were masters of the sea. They surrendered their position to England in the days of Cromwell and Charles II. Holland has rich colonies in the East Indies which are as yet but imperfectly developed. It is likely that this thrifty people will take the most advantage of the present opportunity for an expanded trade.

The peace conditions of South America have been threatened during the week by the ill will displayed by Peru, Bolivia and Chili toward one another. There are grievances of long standing and it is not easy to see just where the blame lies. Peru seems, however, to be held responsible for being the most aggressive and troublesome of the three. The Argentine and other South American countries have used their influence to prevent an outbreak of war.

Belgium has come into the list of nations that are to give to women the right of voting. Belgium has been a constitutional monarchy since 1833 and has been much influenced by the example of France in (Continued on Page Five)

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General College News

MEETING OF BERE A COLLEGE TRUSTEES

The properties of Berea College are held by a Board of Trustees consisting of twenty-four men besides the President. These trustees are elected to serve a term of six years. They are selected to represent the different religious denominations and the different sections of the country. Among them are such Baptists as the Rev. Herbert S. Johnson, D. D., of Boston, such Methodists as Bishop McDowell, of Washington, and Dr. W. D. Weatherford, of Nashville, Tenn., such Episcopalians as the Rev. Percy S. Grant, D. D., of New York City, such Congregationalists as the Rev. William B. Barton, of Chicago, and leading educators like Professor V. Elman B. Belknap, of Louisville, Professor Elmer A. Lyman, Ypsilanti, Mich., and Professor Wm. G. Bagley, of Columbia. There are great financiers like Wm. A. Julian, Hon. Guy Ward Mallon and Edward W. Edwards, Esq., of Cincinnati. There are some of Berea's own graduates and former workers like Dr. John H. Rogers, son of "Father Rogers" and William Dean Emree, of New York, grandson of "Father Fox," and Prof. Miles E. Marsh, of Asheville, N. C.

This meeting was attended by the Hon. Thompson S. Iurnam, of Richmond, Seth Low Pierpont, Esq., of New York, Rev. Elmer Gabbard, of Buckhorn, Dr. Barton, Dr. Rogers, Prof. Belknap, Prof. Marsh, and Messrs. Mallon, Edwards and Emree and Rev. A. E. Thomson, D. D., of Lincoln Ridge, Ky.

A large number of important questions were discussed and either acted upon or referred to Committees to report at the meeting to be held at commencement time.

They visited classes and different ones spoke in the Department Chapels.

It was found that a large amount of money ought to be expended in the enlargement of our water works so as to secure a suitable supply for the dry fall months.

It was also decided that great efforts must be made to secure funds and carry on a special campaign when the Mountains are awakening as perhaps never before to the advantages of education and establishing numerous high schools throughout the Mountain Region. The necessity of training teachers for these high schools as well as raising up men to be County Demonstrators, Red Cross workers, etc., was recognized.

One who passes over the Berea campus may well wonder how all this work is sustained and directed. The Institution is seriously embarrassed by "the high cost of living." It has to pay greatly advanced prices for coal and all other supplies, and will probably be compelled to call a halt on the building program which has been carried on so vigorously for the last few years. It requires the earnest effort not only of the students, President, Deans and Faculties, whom we know in Berea, but also the thoughtful attention and generous gifts of donors and trustees in all parts of the country.

RESOLUTIONS OF SYMPATHY

To the Family of Mrs. Clement: We, the friends and fellow-workers of Mrs. Clement, wish to express to you our sympathy in your bereavement.

While Mrs. Clement was with us she endeared herself to both teachers and pupils alike by her genial manner, her cheery disposition, her spirit of fairness, and her devotion to her work in the classroom and as Dean.

We shall long remember her leave, generous spirit, combining a cheeriness that was contagious, an optimism that never failed, and a courage that faced both toil and suffering without flinching. She will live again in the lives of many girls because, for she exemplified her faith in God in her daily life.

To those of us who saw the wonderful way in which she bore her great suffering, and the brave, undaunted spirit with which she faced her heavy trial, her memory will always be an inspiration and a blessing.

We are grateful to God for her life in our midst, a splendid example of gracious womanhood and of a devoted, Christian teacher and friend.

Katharine S. Bowersox,
Mrs. Peck,
Committee for Berea College Faculty

GOOD WORK OF MARY MERRITT

Everybody knows that Berea College used to receive colored students just like the great schools outside the former slave states un-

til it was forbidden by the State Law in 1901.

Among colored who attended Berea a large number have become very valuable in work for their race. Professor Russell, who is in charge of the State Normal School for Colored Persons, is a Berea graduate, as is Professor Kirke Smith and his wife, who are such important workers at Lincoln Institute.

Another one of Berea's graduates, of whom we will always be proud, is Mary Merritt, who besides her literary studies took a course in our Nurses' Training Department, and has been conducting for some time a small hospital for colored persons in the city of Louisville. This hospital has been approved by the City, and appropriation made toward its upkeep, and a movement is on foot to secure funds for an enlarged building. This movement comes through recognition of the really devoted and brilliant work of our Mary Merritt and has among its sponsors such persons as Mrs. J. B. Speed, Mrs. Charles T. Ballard and Mrs. Andrew Cowan.

KENTUCKY HALL Y. W. C. A.

Kentucky Hall Y. W. C. A. met in first floor reception room Sunday evening, March 21. Miss Hazel Stettler of the Academy Department was leader. Topic, "Moral Courage." She told us of some of the things she had heard at the Blue Ridge Conference; about Y. W. work that is being done in Porto Rico, Alaska, and some other countries and the courage required to do this work. Many ways in which it takes courage were brought out by various members, among these were, courage in religion, courage in social life, courage in business life, courage in school and the courage it may take in being faithful to our Y. W. meetings.

Let us as members have the courage to stand up for right, doing what we can toward the rebuilding of the world.

Y. M. C. A. MEETING

The Y. M. C. A. had a very interesting meeting last Sunday night. Although the attendance was not as large as usual, the meeting was very successful. This could be attributed to several reasons, some of which are as follows:

We were back in our usual place, which stimulated greater interest; then, Professor Shutt proved very capable in conducting the meeting, both by his methods and the topic he chose.

The subject of his discussion "Guessing About Christians," is a theme that should create thought, and this was manifested by those who participated when those present were given the privilege to say a few words.

The Y. M. C. A. is planning to give more attention to the Sunday night meetings in order to keep up the interest and attendance in these meetings.

AELIOIAN LITERARY SOCIETY

Aelioian Literary Society met at the usual time and place last Saturday evening, March 20, to plan for their open meeting, and to elect officers for the spring term. The officers chosen were as follows:

President, Edna Stegner
Vice-President, Edna Turner
Secretary, Margaret Lester
Treasurer, Ruth Woods
Chorister, Margaret Lewis
Chaplain, Mildred Roberts
Sergeant-at-Arms, Elizabeth Brewster.

The program for March 27 is as follows:
Roll Call, Quotations from Longfellow
Essay Julia Hanson
Recitation Pauline Begley
Vocal Duet
..... Dell Fowler and Addie Curry
Reading Sena Roberts
Dialogue Grace Rogers
Extemporaneous Speeches, Louise Graham, Gladys Kessler, Emma Merow, Jennie Maud Ballard, Critic Miriam Thomas

CONVERTS BAPTIZED

A large crowd assembled in the Main Chapel on Sunday afternoon where Rev. Howard Hudson, assisted by other Berea workers, baptized thirty-seven young people. Most of these were converts in the recent meeting. It was a most impressive service and one long to be remembered.

LAWRENCE DUNCAN

Winfield, Tenn., Mar. 17, 1920. We wish to extend to all our sincere thanks and appreciation for the kindness and sympathy shown us during the sickness and death of our dear son, Lawrence.

We believe all possible was done to save his precious life.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Duncan.

Normal Department

The four Normal literary societies, Union, Excelsior, Philomathean and Appalachia, had their joint meeting in Upper Chapel, Saturday evening, March 20.

A very interesting program was given. W. O. Prott's paper was especially good, because it told how the societies might be improved by greater cooperation among the societies.

On Wednesday evening, March 17, the Normal department was entertained at a social given to celebrate the winning of the championship of the basketball series. Several witty extemporaneous speeches were given by members of the department, also by Prof. Jos. Vanhook and Miss Parker. All enjoyed the evening very much.

CHAMPIONS ARE BANQUETED

A banquet was given in Boone Tavern on March 19 in honor of the Normal basketball team who won the Championship of the Inter-Department Series. The young men and their lady friends assembled in the dining room at 5:35 p. m., where elaborate preparations had been made for the event.

The boys of the first team were the guests of honor, but the boys of the second team who helped win the series by playing so hard with the first team while practicing were present.

Those present were: Misses Anna Mae Boatright, Margaret Virginia, Ida Kayse, Thelma Riddle, Gonna Hunter, Jennie Hammack, Iva Anderson, Ella Reed, Lena Hill, Ree Ickhart, Cleo Huntley, May-Belle Hensley, Ruth Evans, Ruth Blanton, Jennie Carpenter, Flo Barker, Christine Allen, Mrs. Hutchins and Mrs. Allister; Messrs. Rollins Richards, John Wilson, Carl Huntley, Denver Amburgey, Bruce Pruitt, Meredith Durham, Elhan Whicker, Edward Cundiff, Daily Little, Andrew Russell, Ernest Miller, L. O. Siler, Paul Grider, Elmer Watkins, Edgar Taylor, Clarence Hambree, and Fred Hanna.

The place cards and center piece, which Misses Harlet and Parker made, were unique in construction. They showed the first basketball game with players in action.

After the delicious dinner had been served, Dr. McAllister presided over a series of speeches by Rollin Richards, Captain; John Wilson, Coach; and Carl Huntley, Manager.

Everyone enjoyed the solos given by Miss Boatright and Mrs. Hutchins.

The occasion was a very pleasant one and expressed the appreciation of the Normal Department for the splendid work done by their teams.

Let's hope it will be an inspiration for next year!

SOCIAL PRIVILEGES FOR MEN

The other morning three young men were standing on the walk talking. They were so stationed across the walk that when two ladies in the prime of life who were using the walk for the purpose for which walks are made, (that is, to walk over) came that way, the ladies had to violate the rule, "Keep off the Grass." These ladies will not be fined for this offense, but will be given a medal for their chivalry to the weaker sex whom they did push off the walk.

The Academy

BASEBALL

The Academy baseball men are exceedingly fortunate this year in securing for their coach the services of Mr. Mokwa, who for eight years was a professional player. He made his way through law school by his remarkable ability in this line. He played in the Three-I League, Central Association, and American Association. He acted as scout for two major league clubs, St. Louis Browns, and St. Louis Cardinals. He developed Ollie O'Mera, now with Brooklyn, and Hollercher of the Chicago Cubs. He discovered Konetchy, who is now first baseman for Brooklyn. During his last season he managed and caught for Green Bay, Wisconsin. Under the leadership of a man with such wide experience and ability the Academy team hopes to vanquish all opposition.

MISS GOLDEN ENTERTAINS

Saturday evening, March 20th, Miss Anita Golden, 33 Center St., entertained in honor of the departure of Glen Golden, who was going to Cleveland, Ohio.

The guests played jolly games until ten o'clock, when refreshments were served. The party broke up at ten thirty and every one expressed himself as having had a most delightful evening.

Those present were: Misses Joyce Hoskins, Fae Ray, Maude Penning-

Vocational Schools

Mr. Black, State Sunday-school worker, gave a forceful and inspiring message to the students during chapel hour on Tuesday of last week.

On Thursday morning of last week Rev. Elmer Gabbard, a trustee of Berea College, and a former student, now of Hickhorn, Ky., gave a most helpful message on the Scripture text, "Meditate on these things."

Miss Frances Holdcraft returned to school last Wednesday, after visiting her mother at Hamilton, O.; her brother at Lynch, Ky., and her aunt at Georgetown.

Miss Della Roberts, who was called to her home by the sickness of her mother and sister, has returned for the spring term.

Miss Flora Pittman, of the Business class, left yesterday for her home at Pine Hill, Ky. Miss Pittman will be much missed by her students and classmates, who wish her happiness in whatever field she may enter.

CERTIFICATES TO VOCATIONAL STUDENTS

Last Friday morning, in Main Chapel, the certificate Home Science girls were given by Berea College, through the Vocational Department, certificates, bearing testimony to the fact that these courses, covering twelve weeks, had been completed by the following girls: Della Hammond, Viola Bays, Edna Mitchell, Rissie Mahous, Phylla Fuller, Edna Glass, and Molly Porter, Sewing and Housekeeping; Eva Quillen, Lillian Griffin, Hazel Turpin, Daisy Marale and Edlie Roaker, Housekeeping; and Ellen Dameron and Aylene Mahous, Sewing.

The girls wish to express through the columns of The Citizen their appreciation of these courses; and thank not only the Institution for its thoughtfulness in making them possible; but the teachers also for their patience and friendship, while instructing them in the work.

FEDERAL BOARD MEN ENTERTAIN

The Federal Board men went over the top Monday evening when the club members entertained the faculty, and their friends, at the Vocational Chapel. An interesting program was given, which consisted of piano selections by Miss Rissie Oliver, singing of "America" by the audience, invocation by Dean Edwards, humorous incidents of his European trip, by Dean Clark, and a melody by Robt. F. Spence. These numbers were followed by delicious refreshments—fruit salad, punch, ice-cream and cake. John H. Jennings, president of the club, in fitting words, expressed his appreciation of the support of the club by faculty and students, when taps sounded and all dispersed.

VESTALIA LITERARY SOCIETY

Vestalia Literary Society met Saturday evening, March 20, in second floor reception room. No program had been planned for the evening, as new officers were to be elected for the spring term.

The meeting was opened by singing the Vestalia song, followed by prayer by the President. The roll was called, then the business of election was brought before the society. The new officers elected for the spring term are as follows:

President, Minnie Klar; Vice-President, Mary Thorpe; Secretary, Clara Terrill; Treasurer, Virginia Harlow; Chorister, Inez Swann; Organist, Betty Fulton; Third Executive Member, Mayne Cowan; Marshall, Mittle McInturf; Program Committee, Leah Wiseman; Social Committee, Onie Silvers.

The new president was then called on to give a little talk. It was voted a picture of the members be taken Monday morning.

ton, Ruth Robbins, Rissie Oliver, Mable Montgomery, Mary Robe and Anita Golden, and Messrs. Hugh O. Porter, Glenn Golden, Austin Erwin, Howard Robbins, Ralph Wells, B. Franklin Gross, B. Franklin Hall, and Herbert Waddle.

LENORIAN LITERARY SOCIETY

The Lenorian Literary Society met in room 79C at 7:30 p. m., Saturday. After a good program the following officers were elected:

President, Lula Owens
Vice-President, Mory Griffith
Secretary, E. Mae Looko
Treasurer, Emily Hensley
Corresponding Secretary, Anna Joe Henson
Chorister and Yell Master, Kato Newland
Chaplain, Cornelia Grice
Sergeant-at-Arms, Ella M. Haga.

Program for March 27, 1920

Song Society
Invocation Cornelia Grice
Roll Call Quotations from Burns

Foundation School

DEMOSTHENES LITERARY SOCIETY

March 20, 1920

The most exciting and probably the most interesting program of the year was that of last Saturday night. It seemed that the presidential election was on. Everyone seemed to be filled with the spirit of election times. Much canvassing was done among the members. Brief discussions were made by different members in regard to the one most efficient and capable of holding the office for which he was to be elected. The following persons were elected for the respective offices:

President, Raleigh B. Hoskins; Vice-President, John Jennings; Recording Secretary, Denver Kelly; Asst. Recording Secretary, Baylor Brooks; Corresponding Secretary, Clarence Manning; Treasurer, Andrew Foley; Sergeant-at-Arms, Robert Carpenter; Chorister, John Disharoom; Chairman of Program Committee, Carl D. Pulliam; Yellmaster, Horace Fitzpatrick; Critic, Walter Marshman.

Everybody come out and enjoy the evening with us.

Life of Burns Anna Joe Henson

Flow Gently Sweet Afton Kate Newland, Lula Owens

"A Man's a Man" Emily Hensley

Cotter's Saturday Night Beatrice Wilson

Letters from Burns Sallie Plummer

..... Adrienne Kearns

..... Sallie Plummer

STUDENT VOLUNTEER MOVEMENT

The Student Volunteer Movement for Foreign Missions had a meeting in the Faculty room last Sunday afternoon at 4:00 p. m., in which we discussed some great problems that must confront an individual sooner or later in his or her life while in college.

We also had a few reports from the Winchester Conference held last week, concerning this organization. Some helpful suggestions were presented as to how our movement here at Berea may be reorganized and strengthened.

Since our Field Secretary, Miss Scullion, from the New York office visited us, it seemed more feasible to reorganize, and instead of calling ourselves Student Volunteers for Foreign Missions, to give all those a chance who are not candidates for the field, but are interested in mission work and the problems of the missionary. The only way that these may have a chance to attend is to change our organization to a mission study class, with the candidates for the field as the nucleus.

When we obtain the consent of the Sunday-school Superintendent, the time for holding the meeting will be changed. Announcements of this will be made later.

HOUSTON ASSERTS TAX CUT WOULD BE PERIL

Secretary of Treasury Submits Recommendations to House—Any Reduction Called Unsafe.

Washington, March 18.—Any reduction of income and excess profits taxes to be collected in the calendar years 1920 and 1921 would be "manifestly unsafe," Secretary Houston declared in a letter to the house ways and means committee. Simplification of those taxes was urged, however.

Unless action is taken at the present session of congress, Mr. Houston said, these taxes "must be continued to be collected on the basis of the present law until the close of the calendar year 1922." He added that he could not "contemplate such delay without the gravest apprehension."

For the simplification of the taxes with a resultant "modest reduction," the secretary first recommended enactment of an amendment authorizing the internal revenue bureau to make a final determination and settlement of any tax claim or assessment which shall not thereafter be reopened or modified by the government except on a showing of fraud.

The particular importance of this charge, the secretary said, was that if the present taxes continue and back taxes along with the current taxes are collected in the same year, "the result may be highly disastrous to business" in case of industrial depression.

NEW VERDICT IN I. W. W. CASE

Violating Labor "Jury" at Armistice Day Trial at Tacoma, Wash., Says "Not Guilty."

Tacoma, Wash., March 17.—A verdict of "not guilty" was returned here by the "jury" appointed by various labor organizations to attend the trial at Montesano, Wash., of ten I. W. W. members charged with murder in connection with the Armistice day shooting at Centralia, Wash. A statement accompanying the "verdict" said it was unanimous.

SISTER OF CZAR FOUND IN BOX CAR

Grand Duchess Olga in Rags and in Need of Food.

ONE OF 3 ROMANOFFS ALIVE

U. S. Red Cross Workers Make the Discovery While Giving Aid to the Thousands of Refugees in South Russia.

Washington, March 10. — Grand Duchess Olga, sister of the late Czar Nicholas of Russia, has been found by American Red Cross workers, living in a box car near Novorossiysk, in south Russia. It was announced at the headquarters of the American Red Cross here.

The grand duchess was found "tolling among fellow refugees from the territory recently conquered by the bolsheviks, giving such assistance as she could, although herself in rags, and grateful for any food and clothing she could find."

Red Cross Announcement. The Red Cross announcement is as follows:

"The Grand Duchess Olga, sister of the late czar of Russia, and one of three surviving members of the house of Romanoff, has been found by American Red Cross workers, living in a box car near Novorossiysk, South Russia. A report reaching national headquarters of the Red Cross today stated that this survivor of the most suspicious court in the world was discovered tolling among fellow refugees from the territory recently conquered by the bolsheviks, giving such assistance as she could, although herself in rags and grateful for any food and clothing she could find.

Thousands Pour In.

"Refugees have been pouring into Novorossiysk by the thousands, all reduced to the most abject poverty. The South Russian commission of the American Red Cross has been caring for them to the limit of its resources, and it was in the midst of this work that the plight of the royal refugee was discovered."

Grand Duchess Olga formerly was the wife of Prince Oldenburg, whom she divorced, later marrying a young army officer, since which time, although the old Russian law permits her to retain her title, she has taken the name of her husband and has lived quietly at Moscow as Mme. Koulinkovskaya. She has two children, but the Red Cross report does not reveal the fate of these or her husband.

Another sister of the czar, Grand Duchess Ekseula, lives in London, while the only other Romanoff surviving is the dowager empress, who lives in Copenhagen.

REFUSES 'SUFFRAGE' SESSION

Connecticut Governor Holds Demand for Women Vote Is No Emergency.

Hartford, Conn., March 17.—Governor Hulecomb formally refused to call a special session of the Connecticut general assembly to act on the woman suffrage amendment. The governor said the state constitution required that a "special emergency" be at hand in order to summon the legislature into special session and he did not consider that such a situation was created by "the desire of a number of individuals to have the general assembly vote on the federal suffrage amendment."

RUSH SHANTUNG SETTLEMENT

Japanese Government Is Ready to Make Large Concessions, Tokyo Reports.

Tokyo, March 20.—It is understood here that the government has instructed Yukioka Ohata, the Japanese minister in Peking, to begin negotiations immediately for a speedy settlement on the Shantung question, as the views of the Japanese and Chinese commissioners appointed to investigate have been found to concur in the main points, and Japan is ready to make large concessions toward an amicable solution.

INDICT 23 IN BIG FAILURE

True Bills Returned Against Men Accused of Concealing Assets in Bankruptcy Case in New Haven.

New Haven, Conn., March 17.—Indictments have been returned against 23 men alleged to be connected with the \$1,000,000 failure of Joseph Welsman, wholesale merchant in dry goods. It is understood they are accused of concealing assets of the bankrupt. Most of the defendants are from New York and have been witnesses in bankruptcy hearings.

316,800 ARMY IS APPROVED

House of Representatives Passes the Appropriation Bill by Vote of 246 to 92.

Washington, March 19.—A peace time army of 290,000 enlisted men and 17,800 officers was approved by the house of representatives in passing the army appropriation bill by a vote of 246 to 92. The measure now goes to the senate for approval.

The MAN NOBODY KNEW By HOLWORTHY HALL.



CHAPTER I.

In the beginning of things, he was merely a number; but even that was creditable, because his number was low enough to signify that he had responded pretty promptly to the rallying call. After that, and with the cataclysmic suddenness which marked all changes of military status on the western front, he became, one frosty morning, a Case, and got himself roughly classified (and tenderly handled) as a Stretcher Case, a Grand Bleed, and, in consequence, a proper temporary inmate of a field hospital on the Belgian plains.

There, he was unofficially known as Joyeux, or Joyous One; not because he displayed a very buoyant disposition—far from it—but because he belonged to the Foreign legion; and in the course of another day or two he was routinely ticketed as an Evacuee, and provided with a lukewarm hot-water bottle and a couple of evil-smelling cigarettes to console him on the road to the base hospital at Neuilly.

At Neuilly he became, for the first time since his enlistment, an individual, and at the very outset he was distinguished by certain qualities which had passed unnoticed in the frying pan and fire of the trenches. For one thing, he was obviously immune to kindness; and for another, he was apparently immune to hope. He was a man of inveterate silence; not the grim silence of fortitude in suffering (which is altogether too common a virtue in base hospitals to earn any special merit), but rather the dogged reticence of black moods and chronic bitterness. To be sure, speech was physically difficult to him, but other men with similar misfortunes spoke blessings with their eyes, and gave back gratitude in voiceless murmurings. Not so the Joyous One. From the day of his arrival he demanded nothing, desired nothing, but to brood sullenly aloof; and so, when he became an in-

dividual, he also became a mystery to the nursing staff. It was rumored that he was an implacable woman hater, and there seemed to be something in it.

Regardless of the care of the American nurses (all hoveringly attentive to one of their own nation who had fought for France), his spirit remained abysmal and clouded in gloom. Only twice, in the initial month of his confinement, did he betray the weakness of an ordinary emotion; on each occasion a gold-faced general had come to salute, in the name of the republic, one of the individual's neighbors, and to deliver a bit of bronze which dangled from a ribbon striped red and green. It was said (and doubted by those who hadn't seen it) that at those ceremonies the individual had grown feverish, and let tears come to his eyes, but subsequently he had relapsed into still greater depths of stolidism than before; his own bed-jacket was innocent of cross or medal, and his depression was apparent, and acute. The nurses, arguing that perhaps his pride was wounded as seriously as his flesh, offered quick condolence and got themselves rebuffed with shrugs of the individual's shoulders, and inarticulate sounds which had all the earmarks of suppressed profanity. He didn't even soften when Pierre Dutout, a hard-hit territorial in the next bed, squandered a day's supply of energy to lean across and whisper sympathetically to him: "Old man... Vieux espèce de choucroute... I know how it is... and I haven't got any friends either. I want you to take my Croix de Guerre... When I go nowhere."

Even when speech returned to the individual he was a man of curt responses and stinging monosyllables—a problem to the surgeons, a problem to the nurses and (if the expression in his eyes meant anything), an over-whelming problem to himself. It appeared that, after all, it wasn't simply women that he hated—it was the universe.

His military book implied that he had no parents, no close relations, no friends to notify, no fixed abode. He received no visitors, no letters, no packages freighted with magical delight. But to those who pitied him in all his loneliness he was utterly contemptuous; he even went so far as to fling sidelong to the floor a religious post card tendered him by a devout and sentimental passer-by, and he did it in her presence, unabashed. Later, when a smiling orderly picked up that post card and tucked it under his pillow he was no less contemptuous in permitting it to remain. But the one stupendous fact which, more than all else combined, made him an object of bewildered curiosity was this—that of the scores and scores of men with head-wounds who were reborn at Neuilly that spring and summer, he was the only one who had never asked for a mirror.

This, of itself, wouldn't have been

astonishing as long as he delayed in the preliminary stages of recovery, for now and then a man with head-wounds proves to be super-sensitive; but in the second stage it was remarkable, and in the third stage it was unique. The staff held it to be extraordinary from a social as well as from a pathological viewpoint, that a man so terribly disfigured should have no interest—not even a morbid interest—in his own appearance. And it wasn't that the individual was simply indifferent to the mirror; on the contrary, his aversion to it was active and energetic; he flinched, and motioned it frantically away as though the mere conception of seeing himself as others saw him was too repellent, and too unthinkable to endure.

There came a day in April when a photograph was requested of him. Surely he knew where there was a likeness of himself, didn't he? His old passport photograph, which had mysteriously disappeared, or—

The individual glanced up from his present task; the wound in his arm was still annoying and he was absorbed in learning to write with his left hand.

"What for?" he muttered. "Why," said the nurse, cheerfully, "for a model. To help the surgeons. They'll take your picture for a guide and make you look almost exactly the way you did before."

The individual from America sat up straight, so that the nurse was startled by his animation, which was without a parallel in his local history.

"What?" he said.

"Certainly!" The nurse spoke in the tone one uses to an ailing child. "You've known that, haven't you?"

The individual's voice was queerly unmanageable and strained. "You mean to say they're going to make me look the way... Could they do that? Could they? Even now?"

"Why, of course," she assured him. "You never told me that!" he said

passionately. "Why didn't you? Why couldn't you have told me! And here I've been... He put his hands to his bandaged face and seemed to shrink within himself. Then all at once he burst out: "Well, there's nothing to prevent... Then they could make me not look like it, if they wanted to! Isn't that so?"

She regarded him in vast perplexity, and thought of summoning a surgeon, for the man had begun to quiver as though from shell shock—which he hadn't undergone.

"Why, I don't understand what you mean," she said soothingly. "But if you'll just be calm and—"

The individual gestured with fierce impatience.

"If they can do what you say, and make me look like any old thing they choose to, then what in the devil are they asking for a photograph for?"

"Why, to go by," she said helplessly. "You want to look like your old self, don't you?"

"No, I don't!"

The nurse gasped. His tone had been cheerful, but the echo of it vaguely suggested triumph and relief. His



"Let Them Make Me Look Like That!"

symptoms had subsided... could it be that he actually was relieved? Dismayed, she made another effort to convince him.

"But you want to look just as nearly like—"

"Don't you suppose I know what I want?" he interrupted rudely.

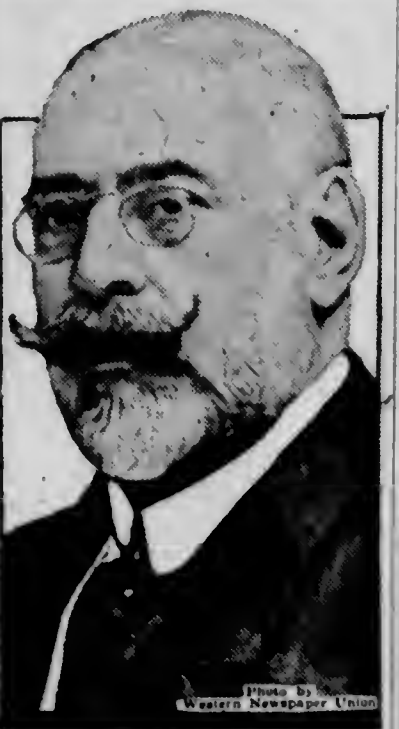
"But haven't you a photograph, anyway, that I can—"

"No, I haven't!" he snapped. "I haven't." It was a lie; the passport photograph was in the lining of a certain wallet, and he had hid it there for reasons of his own. But now that the great danger was definitely past,

and a still further bulwark of protection offered, if the nurse spoke truth, the individual could afford to come out from ambush. "And I don't want to look the way I did before, and what's more I never did! But if your doctors are half as smart as they think they are let 'em make me look like that! Or anything else either—I don't give a d—n!"

(Continued next week)

MANUEL ALLENDESALAZAR



Manuel Allendesalazar, new Spanish secretary of state, who was appointed president to the new Spanish ministry.

MASARYK IS LIFE PRESIDENT

Future Executives Limited to 14 Years by the Czech Constitution.

Washington, March 17.—Dr. Thomas G. Masaryk, first president of the republic of Czechoslovakia, will be permitted to continue in office for life, according to the provisions of the national constitution, recently adopted at Prague. Provisions of the new constitution, made public by the state department, limit the terms of all future presidents to two successive terms of seven years each.

KAPP FORCED OUT; REDS SEIZE BERLIN

Other Big Cities Are Ruled by the Soviet Government.

300 ARE KILLED IN BATTLES

General Von Seeckt Takes Command of Troops as the So-Called New Regime Yields to the Radicals—Demand Russian Alliance.

Berlin, March 18.—Spartacists have annihilated an entire battalion of the National Guard and captured a battery of artillery in the Ruhr district. Doctor Kapp asked the French to march in and subdue the red revolt, but the French military command refused.

The supreme battle for possession of Berlin is on. It began at seven o'clock at night with a terrific concerted attack by the Spartacists, who captured the railway stations of Strausberg and Vogelberg, two Berlin suburbs, and are reported steadily gaining headway. Virtually all Americans have taken refuge in the American embassy building. The government troops are standing in the center of the city ready to fight the reds to the death. It is estimated that 300 were killed in the battles.

The resignation of the Kapp-Luettwitz regime came too late to check the chaos. Nor did the calling off of the general strike by the Berlin moderates make any impression on the red rising throughout the industrial regions of the country.

Reds Control Ruhr District. The whole of the Ruhr district is under control of the reds. Essen, its center, is the center of their revolt. A soviet has been established there, and communists are in possession of the Krupp gun works and ammunition plants.

Soviets have been established in seven big rail centers of Germany, including Stuttgart, the Wuerttemberg capital, where Friedrich Ebert, after an empty victory over Kapp, is trying to form a new government.

The Spartacists continue utterly to ignore the actions, orders and appeals of both the old and new regime, and are fighting to supplant both by a soviet republic to embrace all Germany.

The Berlin trade unionists have forwarded to Ebert these terms of peace: 1. Resignation of Gustav Noske as minister of defense.

2. Sentencing of the militarist plotters for high treason—which means

death. 3. No amnesty for the militarists. 4. Retirement of the troops from Berlin. 5. Co-operation of the trade unions in forming a new government.

Troops Kept in Berlin. Meanwhile General Von Seeckt has taken over the command of the government troops in Berlin. The chief military trouble-makers, the Baltic brigades, were to be withdrawn consequent on Kapp's retirement, but the Spartacist attack on the city, now in progress, is expected to keep them here to re-enforce the other government troops.

The orders of the Kapp regime were just being canceled and telephone and press censorship were about to be lifted when the red attack began. Now the civil war has been carried into this stronghold of militarism, and what the next days may bring forth staggers the imagination of anyone who knows the temper of the opposing factions.

Sovietism has submerged every other issue. Doctor Kapp, in the last hours of his five-days' reign, made a frantic effort to get Hindenburg to step in and take hold of the situation, but nothing is known of the result; at any rate, the field marshal has not yet deemed the hour ripe to take a hand.

PASS 3.5 PER CENT BEER BILL

Maryland House of Delegates Adopts Measure Without Roll Call Formally.

Annapolis, Md., March 20.—The Maryland house of delegates, without a roll call adopted the favorable report on the Jones 3½ per cent liquor bill, after reaching an understanding that the bill will be open to amendments on the third reading. The bill was amended in the open house to meet Delegate Gambrill's objections, and the changes were approved by Governor Ritchie. The amendment provides that the measure is not to go into effect unless the United States Supreme court decides that such legislation is within the power of the states to enact or unless the Supreme court decides the Volstead prohibition enforcement act unconstitutional.

FIRE FAILS TO AWE MANIACS

1,300 Inmates of Manhattan State Insane Asylum March Calmly From Burning Theater.

New York, March 20.—Without excitement or disorder, 1,300 feeble-minded men and women inmates of the Manhattan state insane hospital on Ward's island rose from the hospital's moving picture theater in fire drill formation when fire broke out. There were 6,000 patients on the island, but only 300 new arrivals showed any excitement.

Monroe Clothes

"New York Styles America"

Monroe Clothes New York

Greet Easter with New York Style

GREET it with a Monroe Suit—the brand New York men buy more than any other kind!

Greet it in true metropolitan style—style that befits the day and season; that bespeaks its correctness wherever men and women gather.

Smart Broadway models for sprightly, ambitious youth—conservative Wall Street and Fifth Avenue patterns for business men. We alone sell Monroe Clothes in this city. The prices are \$40 and up—figures that make you realize the buying powers of the 1914 Dollar have come to life again!

\$40 \$50 \$60

SIGNIFICANT: In New York, America's Style center, 500,000 New York men have bought Monroe Clothes.

THE WELCH'S DEPT. STORE
CHESTNUT STREET BERE, KENTUCKY

The Year of 1920

Will be full of history making news. Presidents will be nominated. The high cost of living will be attacked. The prohibition question will be thrashed and other questions of equal interest will be settled.

No home will be complete without the daily newspaper which will keep you informed on these subjects and abreast with the times. A daily morning newspaper can cover these questions more thoroughly, bringing to your door the first complete news of everything that happens day by day.

The Lexington Herald

with its army of trained correspondents and complete Associated Press wires will give you the news of your county, of Central Kentucky, of the United States and of the World. The Herald's delivery service gives you this information while it is still news.

SPECIAL PRESIDENTIAL OFFER

To expire January 1, 1921, by Mail only

- 1—Daily and Sunday Herald.....\$5.70
- 2—Daily Herald.....\$4.70
- 3—Blue Grass Farmer.....\$1.08

Fill in this coupon and mail at once

Lexington Herald,
Lexington, Ky.

(THE CITIZEN, BERE, KY.)

Gentlemen:—Enclosed find..... for which please enter my name on your subscription list for the offer No.....expiring on January 1, 1921.

Name.....

Town.....

R. F. D.....

We Specialize in Hats

This is the age of Specializing

To be well dressed buy your shoes from a shoe department; buy your suit from a suit house, but above all things, buy your hat from a

Millinery House Only

Your hat makes or mars your whole outfit. The wrong lines in your hat takes all the style from your costume and makes an ill-dressed woman of you. Your hat is to your face what a background is to a picture. The most beautiful work of art can be spoiled by the wrong background and bad arrangement in hanging. The most beautiful faces can be spoiled by bad lines, unbecoming colors and bad arrangement in their hats.

Come to us for your hats. We make a study of Millinery. We honestly desire to sell you the right hat for YOU.

Mrs. Laura Jones

Chestnut & Parkway Sts.

BEREA, KY.

LOCAL PAGE

NEWS OF BEREA AND VICINITY, GATHERED FROM A VARIETY OF SOURCES

Best Blacksmithing

Scientific horse shoeing, fine iron work and repairs of all descriptions at the College Blacksmith Shop, Main Street, north of The Citizen Office.

Mrs. W. B. Jones, who has been quite sick lately, is improving.

Jack Webb and Lloyd Lane spent the week-end at the home of the latter.

Mrs. Mack Hamilton, of Richmond, is visiting her sister, Mrs. Ruthford, this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Selramm, of Cleveland, O., who have been traveling thru the South during the winter, will stop over at Berea on their return trip and visit Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Morgan.

Mrs. R. H. Chrisman and her son, Willie, are suffering with rheumatism.

Rev. Cunningham and family will move into the new parsonage next week. It is just now being completed.

Will Galloway and family will occupy the house in which Rev. Cunningham has been living.

Mrs. John Ballard and her daughter came from Florida to be near her son, John Walker, who has been in the hospital with typhoid. He is improving.

The funeral of Mrs. Maupin was held at the Christian Church on Tuesday. The service was conducted by Brother Hindspeith.

Messrs. Coddington, Logan and Kidd went to Goodloe Pond to fish the other day. The fish had been previously informed of their coming.

Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Allison, of Good Hope, Ill., and Mrs. Margaret Cruser, of Los Angeles, Cal., who have been spending the winter at Tampa, Fla., stopped over from Friday till Monday on their way home, and visited their niece, Mrs. C. H. Burdette.

Economy Through Quality

Nettleton
Footwear



"The Composite"

Blucher Style of Long-Wearing Glazed Kid.

The Composite is a practical, scientifically built shoe that meets the exact requirements of thousands of men. Being cut two sizes under thru heel and instep it affords a remarkable degree of comfort to the wearer.

The Nettleton Composite is a shoe men adopt permanently—it is always "in season."

J. M. Coyle & Co.

Berea, Ky.

Representative for Nettleton Men's Shoes—The World's Finest.

UNION CHURCH

Dr. Hutchins will preach a Palm Sunday sermon in Union Church at 11:00 o'clock next Sunday.

BEREA MAN BUYS HOTEL

The Hotel Glyndon, Richmond, which is owned by a company composed of capitalists of that city, has been sold to John W. Welch, Berea, and Thomas H. Collins, of Richmond. The hotel will continue under the management of C. G. Rhodus, who has leased it for a term of several years.

—Lexington Herald.

MRS. DODGE'S BIRTHDAY CELEBRATED

The birthday of Mrs. LeVant Dodge was celebrated on March 17, St. Patrick's Day, by a dinner party given in her honor at Boone Tavern by the Misses Alice K. Douglas and Abbie S. Morrow. Beside the hostesses there were present as guests Professor and Mrs. Dodge, Mesdames E. L. Hanson and Jennie L. Hill, Treasurer and Mrs. Osborne, Miss Jean Cameron, Mr. and Miss Burgess and Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Dick.

RED CROSS NEWS

Our Red Cross office is open most of the day now as members of the Red Cross class have their regular hours for keeping office.

Your Secretary is not always in her regular hours, 10-12, since the office is open so much, calls may be left. She sometimes has urgent calls to make in town and can hardly get back as early as 10 o'clock.

We hope to establish a bureau of employment. Help us that we may help you. We have some registered with us now, so you, housekeepers, needing help for your spring work will do well to call the office.

And one of our Berea teachers has contributed to other chapters thru The Lake Division News by some of her Junior Red Cross work. We will be glad when all the teachers realize they need their school organized to help them do their work, and why not under the name and regulations of the largest organization in the world, and one that has a glorious name after all these years of service? We are looking to the Junior Red Cross to help us develop homemakers, one of the greatest needs of today.

METHODIST CHURCH

Last Sunday morning the pastor, inspired by reports heard at the Inter-Church Conference, preached a missionary sermon to a full house. After the sermon, the invitation was given for Life-Service Workers, and about fifty went forward. There was also another addition to the church.

Many enjoyed the evening service which was well attended. The pastor preached from the text "I am the vine; ye are the branches." All are invited to attend these Sunday evening meetings.

The Epworth League topic for Sunday night is "Our Country's Need of Christ." Acts 4: 11, 12; Rom. 10: 12-15. W. S. Jarvis is leader. Services begin at 6:30 instead of 6:15.

Next Sunday morning the pastor will present facts from the Home Survey of the Interchurch World Movement. All are anticipating an interesting and inspiring service.

Sunday evening the pastor will speak on "Our Salvation," continuing the discussion of the League topic.

Members of the Sunday-school are

preparing a very interesting Easter program to be given at the regular church service hour so that the large number of students who attend church will have the privilege of sharing this entertainment with us.

MEMORIAL CERTIFICATES

The American Legion at Berea, Ky., has French Memorial Certificates for the following persons: Robert W. Hill, Co. L, 18th Inf.; William E. Jones, Pvt., Heavy Artillery; Everett R. Kirby, Co. D, 7th Inf.; Robert Jenkins, 66th Co., 159th Depot Brigade.

These certificates are to be given to the nearest relatives of the deceased soldier. Relatives may get them by applying to or seeing in person C. C. Hanson, Adj., Post 50, American Legion, Berea, Ky.

BOY SCOUTS IN BEREA

The first meeting of the Boy Scouts for the beginning of the fourth year of its existence in Berea started in as a rousing good meeting with a great deal of enthusiasm. We trust that our Berea friends and sympathizers will understand that the Scout meetings are educational and very instructive. It is supplementary to the training of the boy at home and at the school. It is very beneficial to the boy in many ways. Above everything else, it is practical and useful.

We had what is called a woodcraft meeting. Each boy gave a description of some bird or animal without mentioning the name and then he would call upon other boys to name the bird or animal he had just described.

This was followed by a little business in preparation for next Saturday night's meeting. Then we had a game of wholesome basketball, in which the true spirit of sportsmanship is advocated and strongly enforced. This was followed by a few gymnastic stunts; finally adjourning in a business-like way. Remember our next meeting Saturday night at 8:30 p. m., at the Tabernacle.

The Boy Scouts of Berea.

Classified Advertisements

FOR SALE

Barred Plymouth Rocks, pure bred, \$1.00 a setting. T. A. Edwards, 3w-40. Phone 43.

FOR SALE—A few dozen nice

Gamma Bulbs, at \$1.00 a dozen. Mrs. W. T. Lutes, Berea, Ky.

For Sale—One Silage Cutter. College has purchased a much larger one, and has no need for the smaller size. Offered at a very fair price. See Mr. Eugene Houck, at the College Barn. 4w-42

Wanted—Four young men roomers who would like a quiet, neat, and clean room for study. Near Chapel. Corner Depot and Elipse streets. Mrs. C. E. Osborne

Lost—One of the trustees of Berea College lost \$22.00 on his way from the Log Palace to Boone Tavern a few days ago. Finder will be rewarded on presenting same to Bursar's office.

Stray Cow—I have a stray cow at my barn. Owner may have same by paying for its keep and for this "ad." Delbert Neeley, Prospect street, Berea, Ky.

Save Time and Money

When you deal with this strong Bank you receive the most efficient service, enabling you to save both time and money in the handling of your financial affairs.

As a member of the Federal Reserve System, we are in a position to serve you promptly and to your complete satisfaction. No time is lost in needless delays, because our facilities and connections are complete, and our Federal Reserve membership keeps us always closely in touch with conditions.

Do your banking with this institution which for thirteen years has served this community efficiently and well.

Berea National Bank

BEREA, KENTUCKY



OAKLAND OWNERS REGULARLY REPORT RETURNS OF FROM 18 TO 25 MILES FROM THE GALLON OF GASOLINE AND FROM \$500 TO 12,000 MILES ON TIRES



THIS OAKLAND SENSIBLE SIX IS POWERED WITH THE FAMOUS 44-HORSEPOWER OVERHEAD VALVE OAKLAND ENGINE

OAKLAND SENSIBLE SIX

THE steadily growing popularity of the Oakland Sensible Six among American farmers, is due, primarily, to the capacity of this well-made car for continuous and economical service. Even in those districts where roads are unimproved and garage facilities are few and far between, the Oakland keeps to its work day after day and month after month, quietly, competently, uninterruptedly. It is a comfortable car, exceedingly roomy and easy-riding, and because of its high ratio of power to weight, its action is brisk and responsive. Only immense manufacturing resources, and a production of unusual magnitude, make possible the very moderate price at which it is sold.

TO RING CAR AND ROADSTER 11075 F. O. B. POSTAL, MICH.

Boone Tavern Garage

Berea, Ky. Phone 18

DEAN & HERNDON Real Estate Agents

We are still selling Real Estate, but it is hard to give possession of farms now as most farmers have planned their crops, but we have a few that we can still deliver, if sold. We have an exceptionally good bargain of 284 acres on pike, two sets of improvements, fine land, in good neighborhood, near church and school. Better see us if you want something like this.

Another highly improved place, nice house and barn, about 50 acres, one-half mile off pike. Priced to sell quick.

We need more places to sell. Drop in at The Bank and list your property with us.

Herndon is just up from the flu. Was pretty sick! 'twixt me and you; But you can "bet your life," by Hob, He's up now and back on his job. So come on now and list your land. We'll sell it this spring if we can; But if we do not place it all, We'll find a buyer by next fall. John Dean's still doing "financial chores." He'll lend you money, or borrow yours. Call at The Bank and see him there; MAIN ST.

He'll shake your hand and treat you square.

As soon as the sun dries off the ground Herndon will resume his "rambling round."

And if a buyer alights in town, We'll "catch him" ere he hits the ground. We'll show you land and all the rest.

And sell him what he likes the best. And if he lacks a few round wheels, To close up big or smaller deals, We'll shake our rags and hie and huck, And 'twixt us we will cough up up. So be your troubles great or small, Bring them to us and tell us all. We'll show you homes and give you choice, And when you've bought you will rejoice.

Come on to Dean & Herndon!

F. L. MOORE'S

Jewelry Store

FOR

First Class Repairing

AND

Fine Line of Jewelry

BEREA, KY

Individuality and Style

Combined with quality you will find in our garments.

Our Millinery

Is complete in all the new Spring Ideas.

Trade with us, We'll both make money



Mrs. Eva Walden

The Citizen

A family Newspaper for all that is right, true, and interesting.

Published every Thursday at Berea, Ky.

BEREA PUBLISHING CO.

(Incorporated)

WM. G. FROST, Editor-in-Chief

J. O. LEHMAN, Managing Editor

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Advertising rates on application.

THE GOSPEL ACCORDING TO YOU

You are writing a Gospel.
A chapter each day,
By deeds that you do,
By words that you say,
Men read what you write,
Whether faithful or true,
Say! What is the Gospel
According to You?

LOOK BEFORE YOU GO.

Possibly the country is going on the rocks, but some facts about the country are worth keeping in mind when one is tempted to jump overboard.

Twelve million of us have money in the savings bank.

Six million families among us own our own homes without mortgage, and three million other families are paying off the mortgage cheerfully.

Twenty million boys and girls go to school right along.

We have wheaten bread and a little meat to eat; we have a lot more domestic order than domestic disorder; we have better homes and more of them than the thousand inhabitants than any other country; we have our own churches which we control ourselves—churches as good as we are and helping us to be better; we have more honest families and fewer unfathered children than any other country that professes to honor family life.

This country needs many changes before it will be truly the "God's country" we sometimes call it. But what indignity or worse it would be to dump overboard all we have in the hope of seeing a New Jerusalem rise out of the wave-tossed wreckage? —Epworth Herald.

A WILD CAT SCHEME

The following statement comes from a promoter up in Canada:

"I am in Ontario for a few days for the purpose of interesting a few enterprising citizens in a very worthy business proposition. Yours is one of the six names that have been submitted to me. We propose organizing a company to operate a cat farm or ranch on the Severn River adjacent to Gloucester Pool. We have an option on 1,000 acres there. This site has been selected because of its superior facilities for bathing the cats. To start with, we will collect, say about 1,000,000 cats easily. Each cat will average about twelve kittens per year. The skins will average about 30c. each, (black one 75c.) making our revenue about \$10,000,000 per day gross. A man can skin thirty cats per day for \$2.00. It will take about 100 men to operate the ranch, therefore, the net profit will be \$8,000,000 per day. We will feed the cats on rats, and will start a rat ranch next door. A rat will multiply four times as quickly as a cat. If we start with 1,000,000 rats, we will, therefore, have four rats a day for each cat, which is plenty. We will feed the rats on the carcasses of the cats from which the skins have been taken, giving each rat a fourth of a cat. The business will be self-sustaining and automatic all the way through. The cats will eat the rats, and the rats will eat the cats. We will get the skins and eat turkey."

EDITH ROBERTS

Miss Edith Roberts, daughter of John Roberts, of Major, was born March 6, 1899, and departed this life March 2, 1920. She joined the church when quite young and remained a faithful member and an earnest worker in Sunday-school, notwithstanding her delicate health. She had been from early childhood afflicted with nervous trouble, and though she suffered intensely during the last weeks of her life, she never murmured or complained. During her sickness she had several intervals of unconsciousness, after which she would describe the glories of Heaven so beautifully that we were made to wonder if her spirit had not been permitted a glimpse of the great Beyond. She leaves a host of friends and relatives.

—A Friend.

CONVENT BURNS

Western Newspaper Union News Service

Wilkesbarre, Penn.—One nun is dead and nine of the Wilkesbarre House of the Order of Mercy were burned or injured seriously when fire destroyed a convent in which they were living. Loss is \$150,000 which is covered by insurance. Mother Theresa died as a result of burns, and the condition of a number of others is critical. A few jumped from third-story windows and escaped death narrowly. Other deaths may result from the fire, physicians say. Firemen saved two by spreading fire nets, and the fall of one was broken by two men who attempted to catch her before she struck the pavement. Three others were overcome by smoke and are ill from the effects of their experience. The origin of the fire is unknown, though the belief is that crossed wires may have started the blaze. The building was a stone and concrete structure, three stories high, situated on South Washington street, directly opposite St. Mary's Church, where hundreds were at mass.

SIXTY-four nuns were residents of the convent, but eight of these were out on mission when the fire started. The blessed sacrament was saved by Sister Casimir, who was in the chapel, which was cut off by flames. She took the sacrament in her arms, climbed through a window and hung to the ledge until firemen reached her. As she hung to the window and waited for the firemen, Rev. J. J. Curran, pastor of St. Mary's Church, stood below and shouted words of encouragement. Sisters who are in the hospital are Sister Gregory, Sister Julia, Sister Gertrude, Sister Agnes, Sister Xavier and Sister Felicia. Police received a call from South street, where a man named Patrick Brader had fallen dead. The police patrol driver and four men were sent out. They were about to return when Detective Hinehart saw smoke coming from the convent building. He immediately turned in an alarm. The fire had gained headway in the cellar and had worked up through the walls and stairways of the convent before the nuns, who were busy at their various duties and in their rooms, learned of the blaze.

MAINTAIN ROAD AFTER BUILT

Improper Methods Have Placed Economical Types in Disrepute, Says Colorado Expert.

Prof. E. B. House of the Colorado Agricultural College is a firm believer in the importance of maintaining a road after it is built. He supplies the following, taken from The Engineering News-Record, and says of it "It is so true and hits the nail so squarely that I quote it direct":

"The tendency in road improvement is to select types of roads which require very little amount maintenance. The general feeling among laymen seems to be that when a road surface requires some annual maintenance to keep it in good shape, it is an expensive type and should be avoided. Yet, if the interest on investment and the repairs are taken into consideration, the cheaper wearing surface may in many cases prove to be the more satisfactory and economical."

"It is not uncommon to see roads of a good type constructed and then, after they begin to show signs of wear, to see them neglected entirely or some method of repair or maintenance imposed which has been found by long practice to be defective. When we see mud holes in earth roads filled with rump, crushed stone or clinders, it is not the engineer's fault that an enormous price is paid for the repair material; the road engineer knows that proper drainage, and repaving with earth from the side of the road, are the economical methods of maintenance."

"Old gravel and macadam roads are often repaired by filling ruts and depressions with inferior material that is readily displaced by traffic or ground to dust. Blunt surfaces are often patched, if patched at all, with loose stone or gravel, and in some cases with concrete. In a number of streets and roads recently inspected, brick was used to patch concrete surfaces, and concrete used to patch brick surfaces."

"When careless methods of this kind are applied to the maintenance of public highways, the result is that a good type of road is made to appear unsatisfactory and uneconomical, and road improvement is discouraged—particularly the cheaper types of improvement, which in most localities are the best if properly maintained. It is the utter neglect of maintenance and the many improper methods of repair that have molded public sentiment against types of roads requiring annual maintenance, and have led road promoters and officials to disregard many economical types."

CORRECT ENGLISH

HOW TO USE IT

A Monthly Magazine
\$2.50 The Year
Send 10 Cents for Sample Copy to
CORRECT ENGLISH PUB. CO.
EVANSTON, ILLINOIS

PUBLIC SCHOOL NOTES

E. F. Disney, Principal

The school lunch closes after this week. The lunch as usual has been conducted with great success. Mrs. W. G. Best and her corps of helpers deserve special credit for this community enterprise.

In December, by direction of the Play Ground Committee of the Progress Club, all movable parts of the community playground equipment were stored in the basement of the public school building. The equipment is to be reinstalled on public school grounds. The committee desires to give the widest possible use of the equipment consistent with safety. The club asks that none of the material be used except under regular authorized supervision.

Miss Martha Dean was given an ovation when she visited chapel the other morning. We all rejoice with her many friends for the restoration of health.

Notwithstanding the epidemic of contagious diseases the attendance and enrollment are record. One year ago today attendance was 214; today it is 265. Enrollment one year ago was 346; today it is 420.

The senior boys of the school have organized a baseball team.

Patrons and friends are cordially invited to visit school. Just pull the latch string on any door.

Mrs. C. E. Campbell gave a splendid paper at teachers' meeting this week on the "Art of Questioning."

Our teachers want to have a part in the great monument to be erected in France to celebrate the two great victories of the Marne.

The teachers are receiving from Washington this week certificates of classes organized in "Thrill."

When Robinson Hospital begins the physical examination of pupils at the public school, let everybody give it a boost.

Sixth grade Honor Roll for seventh month: Susie Robinson, Robert Ledford, Alta Gaines, Mary Gaines, Lucian Adams.

At the last Parent-Teachers' Association at the school house, Miss Fairchild presented a set of resolutions drawn up by the teachers.

After they were read and discussed, it was decided that the teachers be present at the meeting of trustees and present the resolution to them.

The meeting was held on Saturday night and the trustees agreed to raise the teachers' salaries next year to eighty dollars. Besides the increase in salary they want better equipment and sanitation.

THE WOMAN'S CLUB

The Baptist Church hospitably opened its doors to the Club on March 15th. Our hostesses gave the cozy rooms an atmosphere of spring by decorations of growing, blossoming plants of gorgeous color, and welcomed each of us by the bestowal of a spray of shamrock with which we bedecked ourselves.

Mrs. Goddy read a thoughtful paper upon "America's Rank Among Nations." She observed how our country has led the world in democratic ideas and republican institutions from the landing of the Pilgrims to the hour when our brave men went "over seas" to fight, and die "to make the world safe for democracy."

Mrs. Goddy gave Christianity the place of honor in effecting this change. Jesus, who himself belonged to the "common people," taught the principles of democracy, and they are gradually permeating the minds of all peoples.

She cited the fact that from 1820 to 1910 more than twenty-five millions of foreigners found their way

HENRY J. LYMAN



Henry J. Lyman, one of the Hawaiian delegation which has just visited Washington, is one of the most interesting visitors the capital has had in many months. He is the duke of Kapoho, descended, according to tradition, from missionaries on the one side and the god "Pele" (fire) on the other.

to our shores. This has America become the meeting place and the school of the races of the world.

MANY WEALTHY IN ILLINOIS

Seven Hundred and Thirty-One in Chicago District Pay Taxes on Over \$1,000,000 Incomes.

Chicago, March 19.—Evidence that the Chicago district is fertile territory for the growth of big incomes is shown in the department of internal revenue compilation, which lists 31 more \$1,000,000 incomes this year than last.

The figures show that 731 persons in the district, which includes all the territory between the north state boundary and Peoria, now pay taxes on incomes of \$1,000,000 or more. The increase, officials said, is the biggest in this district of any in the country.

EASTERN KENTUCKY NEWS

(Continued from Page Eight)

Wade Shublett and family, who have been residing in Ohio for the past two years, have moved back to his grandfather's old home near here. The three-year-old child of Mrs. Eva Richardson is very sick.

We are sorry to learn of the death of James A. Fry, who died a few days ago, at his home near Noland. He was a member of the Baptist Church at that place, and a good citizen, and will be greatly missed by all who knew him.

Blue Lick

Blue Lick, March 24.—The sickness and road conditions have hindered the Sunday-school, but the regular service will be held next Sunday. A full attendance is desired.

Bobtown

Bobtown, March 20.—On account of influenza, Brother Cornet failed to fill his appointment at Pilot Knob on the second Sunday. Jonah Alcorn's family, who have influenza, are better. R. L. Ambrose gave the young people a singing Wednesday night. E. H. Benge and family are visiting relatives in Jackson over Sunday. Miss Martha Steward, of Grass Springs, is visiting her aunt, Mrs. Nannie Benge. Mr. and Mrs. James Benge, of Richmond, were

Building Season Is Here

STEPHENS & MUNCY

are well stocked with all kinds of building materials. Several carloads have just arrived and more are coming

Lumber of all kinds, Bricks, Sewer Tiles, Iron and Rubber Roofings, Asphalt Shingles, Lime, Cement, Nails, Hardware, Screens and Wire, Full line of Paints and Varnishes, Etc., Etc.

A universal woodworker has been purchased and will soon be installed and run by electricity.

No matter what you want to build
STEPHENS & MUNCY
Can supply your needs

visiting Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Burns last week. J. T. Cornelison and wife were Silver Creek visitors Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Charlie Evans were dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. John McKeel Sunday last. Deway Powell and wife were visiting Mr. and Mrs. Cecil Hendrix Saturday night and Sunday. J. D. and Mary Neely were guests of Elta Burns Saturday night. Mrs. H. K. McKeel spent Wednesday afternoon with Mrs. Ada Cornelison. Mrs. Zack Neely is on the sick list. Mrs. Tom Goss was the guest of Mrs. Julia Greckmore Thursday. J. L. Hignite, who has been sick so long, is slowly improving.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY

Conway, March 22.—Farmers are very busy this week sowing oats and preparing their ground for corn and tobacco crops. They are badly behind with their work. The influenza is still raging here. Henry Rucker's family are nearly all down with it. James Taylor and son, Arthur, are having hay for M. Bailey. Miss Virgie Wynn of Berea visited her uncle, J. L. Wynn of Conway, last week. Mrs. Gertrude Rice is at Barboursville visiting her brother, Everett Bailey, who is in school there. Sunday-school at Fairview has been closed for the past month on account of influenza. Grandma Wynn is slowly improving. Joe Bailey is in Jackson County this week looking after his farm. On Saturday, March 20, Rosa, the fourteen-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Webb, died of pneumonia fever. She was buried in Fairview cemetery Sunday afternoon. The Rev. Smith conducted the service.

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY

Cooksburg, March 23.—We are having lots of sickness around here. C. L. Thomas and family have been down with the flu for nearly three weeks and all are better. Willis Singleton and son, Thomas, are down with the flu, but some better now. Mrs. Alex Allen, who has been down so long, is no better. The little son of Elmer Mullins, who broke his arm, is getting along well.

WORLD NEWS

(Continued from Page One)

her governmental affairs and her ideas of liberty. She retains one conservative feature, however, in the multiple voting privilege given to those who have wealth and education. Such persons may have more than one vote.

THE PRICE GETS THE GOODS

We are Paying Top Prices for Eggs, Poultry, Hides and Junk
That's why we are the Largest Produce House in Berea

Get our prices before selling elsewhere.
Once a customer, always a customer
"A square deal and top prices" is our motto.

BEREA PRODUCE COMPANY

Under Odd Fellow's Hall on Chestnut Street

J. F. WALFER, Manager

MOUNTAIN AGRICULTURE

Conducted by Mr. Robert F. Spence, Farm Demonstrator and Special Investigator

BEREA NEEDS IT NOW To the People of Berea and Others Who Are Interested in Pruning and Spraying

My request I am having the following article published for the second time. This article on pruning and spraying will give information to Berea people as well as to farmers.

The San Jose Scale is raging on fruit trees and grape vines in Berea and should be checked by spraying with a strong solution of lime-sulphur—1 gallon lime-sulphur to 8 gallons of water. This should be done now and within the next ten to fifteen days. Lime-sulphur can be gotten at the drug stores.

Doziers are being spent for shrubbery and fruit trees in Berea, but not a cent for their protection. Every fruit tree, every grape vine, and all shrubbery should be sprayed in order to protect our interest as well as to beautify our homes, town and farms.

PRUNING

At this season of the year it becomes imperative that the man who intends to produce fruit of even fair quality and in reasonable quantity or in abundance, turn his attention to the correct pruning and spraying of his trees and vines. In view of this fact it is thought reasonable to offer a few suggestions on pruning.

Why We Prune

1. To modify the vigor of the plant.
2. To produce fruit that will be larger and better.
3. To keep the tree in proper and convenient shape.
4. To change the habit of the tree.
5. To remove superfluous or injured parts.
6. To facilitate spraying and harvesting.
7. To train the tree in some desired form.

Pruning Fruit Trees.

Pruning is a necessity where good fruit is desired. An unpruned tree can never be expected to produce fruit of high quality. With the best tilted trees if we cease pruning for a few years the fruit has a tendency to grow smaller, and lose its color and flavor because the air and sunlight cannot pass through the thick branches.

Many old orchards have been neglected for some time and as a result are choked with water sprouts and dead limbs.

Trees in this condition should not be pruned all in one year. The first year remove the suckers, and all of the dead wood and the most objectionable crossing branches. The second season more of the unnecessary crossing branches may be cut out. After this a light pruning each year will do.

Prune regularly, not spasmodically. Head in young trees, thin out old trees.

Prune during the dormant season. Prune close; do not leave stubs. Paint all large wounds.

Keep the tree free from suckers. Do not allow stock to prune your trees.

Water sprouts are the result of too heavy pruning.

An axe or hatchet is not a pruning tool.

Unpruned, unsprayed and uncultivated orchards are not money makers.

The orchard is not a profitable source of firewood.

In pruning grapes remember that the fruit grows on the new wood of the present seasons growth, which springs from wood grown the preceding season. Wood that bore last season will not bear again. For this reason grapes should be cut back very severely in order to stimulate plenty of new healthy wood growth. The fruit is borne near the base and ordinarily one shoot should not be allowed to produce over four clusters.

KENTUCKY FARM LAND VALUES

Farm land values in Kentucky as a whole have increased approximately 11 per cent in the last year, according to the March agricultural report issued by the Kentucky office of the United States Bureau of Crop Estimates. In the same time farm land values in the United States as a whole have increased approximately 20 per cent. The increase in Kentucky has been greatest in the tobacco producing sections, amounting in many instances to wild speculation and inflation in the richest Blue Grass counties, and to very great increases in the richer sections of Western Kentucky.

Good plow lands and improved farms in both Kentucky and the entire United States show not only greater increase in value in dollars per acre than does poor plow land or unimproved farm land, but also show greater percentages of increase in value per acre.

Since March 1, 1919, good plow land in Kentucky has increased from an average price of \$80.00 to \$95.00; poor plow land from \$37.00 to \$42.00; average of all plow land from \$61.00 to \$70.00; average of all improved farm land from \$81.00 to \$85.00; and the average of all unimproved farm land from \$61.00 to \$62.00 an acre.

During the same time average land values for the United States as a whole have increased as follows: good plow land increased from an average of \$91.83 to \$113.34; poor plow land from \$54.26 to \$60.76; average price of all plow land from \$74.31 to \$90.04; improved farm land from \$81.89 to \$99.24; and unimproved farm land from \$62.08 to \$74.41.

Wages for farm labor have increased greatly in the last year, not only in Kentucky but throughout the United States, yet it is still difficult to get satisfactory or adequate labor on the farms.

Kentucky farmers this month report they have on hand: 36 per cent of last year's corn crop, or 29,700,000 bushels, compared to 37 per cent of the 1918 crop, or 33,670,000 bushels on hand March 1, 1919; 11 per cent of last year's wheat crop, or 1,323,000 bushels, compared to 10 per cent, or 1,213,000 bushels on hand a year ago from the 1918 crop; 25 per cent of their last year's oats crop, or 2,475,000 bushels, compared to 27 per cent, or 2,592,000 bushels on hand March 1, 1919 and 20 percent of their 1919 barley crop, or 20,000 bushels, compared to 12 percent of the larger 1918 crop, or 20,000 that was on farms March 1, 1919.

Horse-radish is a profitable crop to grow if one can prepare the graded article and sell it to retail customers. In this way the entire profits remain with the grower. The preparing and bottling may be done during the winter when outside work is at a standstill.

BIG PRODUCTION OF BUTTER

Immense Amount Made Does Not Meet Domestic Requirements—Factory Product Increases.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)
The butter industry of the United States is so large that more than a ton of butter was made for every minute, day and night, last year, according to dairy specialists. Yet even this enormous production scarcely meets domestic needs.

The output of factory butter has increased approximately 200,000,000 pounds each ten years since 1880. Farm butter-making reached its maximum production about 1900. The present trend indicates that it will become a less and less important factor in the nation's butter supply, being superseded by the factory product. Production of factory butter in the United States shows a more rapid general upward trend than is observed in any foreign country from which dependable butter figures have been obtained. The number of such countries, however, is relatively small. Production of renovated butter in the United States is declining. This condition evidently results from reduced supplies of low-quality farm butter, the chief product from which renovated butter is made.

CINCINNATI MARKETS.

Hay and Grain.

Corn—No. 2 white \$1.70@1.71, No. 3 yellow \$1.68@1.70, No. 3 yellow \$1.67@1.69, No. 2 mixed \$1.60@1.62, No. 3 mixed \$1.60@1.62, white ear \$1.60@1.62, yellow ear \$1.63@1.65.

Sund Hay—Timothy per ton \$34@37.75, clover mixed \$34@38, clover \$37@40.75.

Oats—No. 2 white 99¢@1.01, No. 3 white \$1.00@1.04, No. 2 mixed 98½¢@99½¢, No. 3 97¢@98¢.

Butter, Eggs and Poultry.

Butter—Whole milk creamery extras 72½¢, firsts 67½¢, seconds 64½¢, fancy dairy 60¢.

Eggs—Extra firsts 43¢, firsts 42¢, ordinary firsts 41¢.

Live Poultry—Fowls 4½ lbs and over 37¢, under 4½ lbs 37¢, roosters 22¢, ducks, white, 4 lbs and over, 35¢, hen turkeys, 8 lbs and over 36¢.

Live Stock.

Cattle—Steers, good to choice \$11.50@13, fair to good \$9.50@11.50, common to fair \$7.50@9.50; heifers, good to choice \$10.50@12.50, fair to good \$8.50@10.50, common to fair \$6.50@8.50; cows, good to choice \$9@10.50, fair to good \$7.50@9, canners \$1.50@5.25; stock steers \$6.50@10.50, stock heifers \$6.50@8.50.

Calves—Good to choice \$20.50@21, fair to good \$14@20.50, common and large \$9@13.

Hogs—Selected heavy shippers \$15.50@16.25, good to choice packers \$16.25@16.50, medium \$16.50@16.75, common to choice heavy fat sows \$8@13, light shippers \$15.75@16, pigs (110 lbs and less) \$10@14.



Inspection of a Creamery—Sampling the Butter.

Production of factory butter in the United States shows a more rapid general upward trend than is observed in any foreign country from which dependable butter figures have been obtained. The number of such countries, however, is relatively small. Production of renovated butter in the United States is declining. This condition evidently results from reduced supplies of low-quality farm butter, the chief product from which renovated butter is made.

OFFICIAL TEST FIXES VALUE

Dairy Cow Not Measured by Her Pedigree or Appearance—Must Be Able to Produce.

The time is unmistakably passed when a dairy cow is measured entirely by her pedigree or her appearance. The official test of production is the factor that fixes her value. Naturally she must have type and individuality, but unless she is able to produce she will not be keenly sought in the advertising columns nor in the sale ring.

BOVINE HEADACHE POWDERS

Would Have Big Sale If Cows Could Tell How They Feel—Fresh Air Costs Nothing.

Bovine headache powders would have a big sale if the cows could tell how they feel after being shut up overnight in a room that lacks ventilation. Fresh air costs nothing but the trouble of letting it into the stable.

The Splendid 52-Acre Farm of Robert A. Lawrence Subdivided

At Public Auction

On Premises at Gilbert's Creek

Wednesday, March 31, at 10:30, Rain or Shine

As agents of Robert A. Lawrence, we will on the above date sell for the "High Dollar" without reserve or by bid a lot of personality and his cracker-jack little farm of 52 acres.

Located at Gilberts Creek in Lincoln county, six miles from Stanford, three miles from Lancaster. In splendid neighborhood, on L. & N. R. R. Flag station right at residence and store and post office at place.

Improvements consists of a nice two-story, seven-room residence, two porches with concrete floors, good cellar, tobacco barn and all necessary outbuildings, orchard, cistern, well, etc.

All of this farm is practically bottom land as rich as cream. No better tobacco, hemp and corn land anywhere. 17 acres in clover.

Immediate possession. Think what it means at this time of year. Tobacco bed already sown.

This farm will be offered in two tracts. 25 acres with all improvements and 27 acres of unimproved land and then as a whole. This is a dandy place. Mr. Investor, don't let this opportunity pass you by. She is a money-maker and a splendid investment.

This little farm is a "Peach." It will be an Absolute Sale and remember YOU say what it is worth.

Will Also Sell the Following Personality

Corn Sheller, double-shovel plows, 1 set plow gears, mowing machine, smoothing harrow, roller, large box, coaloil stove, crosscut saw, 3 leather halters, water tank, platform scales, hemp scales, lot of lumber, bale of barbed wire brand new, etc.

Give this farm a look. It will bear the closest inspection. The more you look the more you will bid. Mr. Lawrence will take pleasure in showing it to you.

Terms exceedingly liberal and made known on day of sale. For full particulars see, write or phone,

Hughes & McCarty

Stanford, Ky.

HOME DEPARTMENT

Conducted by Miss Margaret Disney, Director of Home Science

DRIED FRUITS AND THEIR USES

By Miss Mary Strunk

Prunes, apricots, peaches, apples, dates, raisins, currants and figs are our common field fruits. When fresh, they contain from 80% to 90% water. This is reduced in drying to nearly 20%. In order to reproduce the fruits, some water must be replaced. So before cooking we add warm water and let them stand in it for fifteen to twenty minutes.

Then wash very clean, rubbing well between the hands. Cover with cold water and let stand over night. Cook very slowly for two to six hours in the same water in which they soak. Add sugar if needed, when fruits are tender.

Prunes do not require sugar unless more water than is necessary has been used in cooking.

If on some occasion you would like prunes to be unusually nice, remove the stems carefully, and in their places slip seeded raisins which have also been soaked and gently stewed.

Dried fruits in general have a most undeserved reputation, because they are so seldom well cooked or served attractively.

Often we feel that we cannot afford to cook fruits slowly and as long as they should be cooked, because of the fuel expenses. A very reasonable way of getting by that objection is using a "finesser cooker," and there is no good reason why there should not be at least a "homemade" finesser cooker in every woman's kitchen. Get Farmers' Bulletin 771 for full directions about making one.

Fruits should always be cooked in an enamelware or an earthenware

dish, as tin or iron may impart an unpleasant flavor to fruits and also give an undesirable color.

When buying, select clean fruits, rather wrinkled than plump. If they are very plump, they may have been soaked to make them heavier.

The simplest way of serving dried fruits is to serve the plain stewed fruits which are very nourishing and appetizing for breakfast and makes a splendid sauce or dessert for the other meals of the day.

Compote of Rice with Peaches

Wash two-thirds of a cup of rice, add one cup boiling water and steam until rice has absorbed water, then add one and one-third cup of hot milk, one teaspoonful of salt and one-fourth cup sugar. Cook in double boiler until rice is soft. Turn into slightly buttered, round, shallow mould. When staped, remove from mould to dish and on top arrange pieces of well cooked dried peaches. Pour syrup around mould and serve. Apples or apricots may be substituted for peaches.

Prune Souffle

½ pound of prunes, ¼ tablespoonfuls sugar, White of three eggs, ¼ tablespoonful lemon juice. Cook prunes as usual only boil juice down. Stone the prunes and cut them fine. Beat the whites of eggs, add lemon juice and sugar then whip in the prunes. Pile the Souffle in a buttered baking dish and brown in a slow oven. Serve with whipped cream or boiled custard.

Raisin and Nut Sandwiches

Soak raisins and remove seeds. Chop fine and add to them an equal quantity of chopped nuts with enough lemon juice to bind. Spread between slices of bread.

and which have not been disinfected properly.

Use of community pastures in which tuberculous cattle are allowed to graze.

In most cases the outward appearance of the animal bears no relation to the degree of infection. The disease frequently develops so slowly that in some cases it may be months, or even longer, before any symptoms are shown; therefore be on the safe side and have your herd tested.

HITCHCOCK FOR WET PLANK

Senate Minority Leader Locks Horns With William Jennings Bryan on Prohibition.

Washington, March 20.—Senator Hitchcock, the minority leader in the senate, has locked horns with William Jennings Bryan on prohibition as a campaign issue. The Nebraska Senator is in favor of a plank in the Democratic platform declaring for legislation permitting the manufacture and sale of light wines and beers. Senator Hitchcock's announcement was made in the form of a telegram to former Gov. A. C. Shallenberger of Nebraska.

MARNE MEMORIAL POSTER

JUST as the school children of France gave for their country's gift to the United States—the Statue of Liberty—so will American school children contribute "one cent and upward" for "America's Gift to France," a monumental statue by Frederic MacMonnies, the noted American sculptor. Mr. MacMonnies is contributing his services toward the monument which, it is estimated, will cost \$250,000.

The poster shown herewith, is by Albert Sterner, noted American portrait painter. It applies the tribute which this country will pay to the French through the Marne monument. The poster will be displayed in cities, towns, and villages, and will designate many of the places where contributions may be made during the week of March 22—a free-will offering, in which numbers of contributors, rather than size of contributions, will be sought from school children and others.

Contributions are now being received at National Headquarters, 150 Nassau street, New York, by Charles H. Kabin, president of one of New York's largest trust companies, who is treasurer of the fund.

The memorial will be erected at



Pretty New York School Girl Helps Spread Appeal for Pennies for "America's Gift to France." Meaux, on the Marne, and will rival in size and grandeur of design the Statue of Liberty.

Berea College Hospital

Best Equipment and Service at Lowest Cost. Wards for Men and for Women, Sun-Parlor, Private Rooms, Baths, Electric Service.

Surgery, Care in Child-birth, Eye, Nose and Ear GENERAL PRACTICE

Come in and visit an establishment, which is a friend in need, and in reach of all the people.

ROBERT H. COWLEY, M.D., Physician
HARLAN DUDLEY, M.D., Physician
MARGARET S. GRANT, M.D., Physician
Miss MARY LONGACRE, R.N., Superintendent
Miss NELLIE MILLER, R.N., Head Nurse

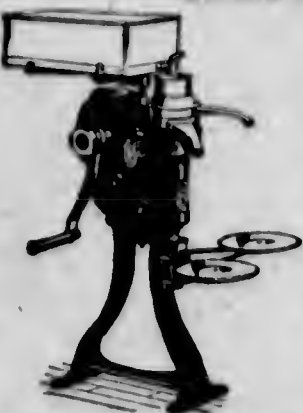
CHANGE IN RATES

Beginning March 1, the rates for board and room of private patients will be \$5 to \$18 per week. The rates for patients cared for in the wards will remain the same—\$1 per day.

By Order of Prudential Committee, Berea College

THE NEW United States Disc Separator

"The 'U. S.' always gives delight,
Because it separates just right."



The new perfected and simplified, self-adjusting Bowl with interchangeable discs, easy running, easier cleaned and closest skimming, together with the all enclosed medium sized gears, automatically oiled by the oil splash system,—the simple speed indicator bell,—sanitary one-piece frame and numerous other notable and patented features make the New United States Separator the Best Separator from any view point today.

All interested dairymen are invited to a free demonstration and learn all about this "just right" separator.

Come and See

R. H. CHRISMAN
Berea, Kentucky

THE UNITED STATES
CREAM SEPARATOR WITH
NEW DISC BOWL

IMPROVED UNIFORM INTERNATIONAL SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

By REV. L. B. CLAWSON, D. D.,
Teacher of English Bible in the Moody
Bible Institute of Chicago.

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LESSON FOR APRIL 4

EASTER LESSON.

LESSON TEXT—Luke 24:13-26.

GOLDEN TEXT—Cought not Christ to have suffered these things, and to enter into his glory?—Luke 24:26.

PHIMAHY TOPIC—The Story of a Wonderful Walk.

JUNIOR TOPIC—The Walk to Emmaus.

INTERMEDIATE AND SENIOR TOPIC—The Proof That Jesus Rose From the Dead.

YOUNG PEOPLE AND ADULT TOPIC—The Fact and the Meaning of the Resurrection.

I. Two Disciples Journeying to Emmaus (vv. 13-19).

1. Who they were. One was Cleopas (see v. 18); some think the other was Luke, whose modesty forbade him to give his name; but it is not definitely known. Why they were there we can only conjecture; perhaps they were only walking away from Jerusalem to relieve their anxiety and draw their sorrow. The ordeal through which they had passed left them somewhat stunned; they needed the physical exertion and quiet of the country to calm their nerves. They were sad (see v. 17).

2. What they talked about (v. 14). "All the things which had happened." Strange and wonderful things had taken place and they could not but commune together concerning them.

3. Jesus joins them (vv. 15, 16). It was while they communed together and reasoned about Jesus that he appeared to them. He never leaves those in doubt who sincerely seek the light; he promises to meet even with two or three who gather in his name (Matt. 18:20). Those gathered in his name have their heart toward him in love, and their talk is concerning him. If we would have Jesus draw near to us more frequently than let us more frequently commune together concerning him.

II. The Conversation on the Way. (vv. 17-27).

1. Jesus' question (v. 17). Though he was a stranger to them his question did not provoke resentment; there must have been something in his manner and tone which unlocked their hearts.

2. The disciples' answer (vv. 18-24). Though surprised that there should be a single man in the confines of Jerusalem unacquainted with the things which had recently come to pass, they spoke fully and freely of what they had known about.

(1) It was concerning Jesus of Nazareth (v. 16). This Jesus was mighty in word and deed before God and the people. (2) Delivered, condemned and crucified by the chief priests (v. 20). (3) Shattered hopes of the disciples (v. 21). They had reposed their hope in him as the Redeemer of Israel. (4) Their bewilderment (vv. 22-24). The story of the women concerning the empty sepulchre reminded them of Christ's words that he would arise on the third day. A new hope seemed to be arising in their hearts, yet they were too timid to take their stand upon it. (5) Jesus expounding the Scriptures to them (vv. 25-27). He chided them for their unbelief of the prophetic Scriptures (v. 25). What sorrow and perplexity they would have escaped had they believed what God had recorded! Jesus showed them that what had happened was exactly what the Scriptures had foretold concerning the Messiah and that it behooved Christ thus to suffer and to enter into his glory.

III. The Lord Reveals Himself (vv. 28-35).

1. Nearing the end of the journey (vv. 28, 29). He made as though he would go farther, but they constrained him to abide with them. It would have been a great loss to them if he had not been "constrained."

2. Sitting together at the table (vv. 30, 31). His blessing of the bread and breaking it were so familiar that they knew him. Then, too, they may have seen the nailprints in his hands while he broke the bread. They now knew for a certainty that the Lord whom they had mourned as dead was alive and in their very presence. If we had eyes to perceive we could see Jesus daily walking and talking with us. What a different life would be ours if we would but see him!

3. The disciples convinced (vv. 32-35). They at once returned to Jerusalem and reported to the eleven what things were done and how the Lord had revealed himself to them in the breaking of the bread. They exclaimed, "The Lord is risen indeed!" May Christ come to every believer on this Easter occasion in such a way that we may know beyond the peradventure doubt that he is really alive!

Reaching the Top.

It is by attempting to reach the top by a single leap that so much misery is produced in the world.—Colbert.

Keep Straight On.

The way to heaven: Turn to the right and keep straight on.—Spurgeon.

Be Wise.

Be wiser than other people if you can, but do not tell them so.—Earl of Chesterfield.

Soiled Feet in the Master's Hands.

By REV. GEORGE GUILLE
Extension Department Moody Bible
Institute, Chicago

TEXT—After that he poureth water into a basin, and began to wash the disciples' feet, and to wipe them with the towel wherewith he was girded.—John 13:5.

This lowly and significant service of the Savior must be interpreted in the light of the opening words of the chapter that describes it. "Now before the feast of the Passover, when Jesus knew that his hour was come that he should depart out of this world unto the Father, having loved his own which were in the world, he loved them unto the end." The washing of the disciples' feet was in view of his going to the Father, and in a love that cannot change.

"Jesus knowing that the Father had given all things into his hands, and that he was come from God and went to God; he riseth from supper." Oh, think of it! These are the hands that will not shrink from taking our soiled feet in them to put away their stain.

It was the Passover supper, the well-known type of his death. He must rise from the dead to go back to God, and no special anointing of the eye is required to see in this rising from supper a figure of his resurrection from the dead.

The scene that follows is the shadowing forth of his present service there, in the presence of the Father where he, the girded Servant of our need, appears as Advocate on account of our sins. This is emphasized by the Lord's words to Peter: "What I do thou knowest not now; but thou shalt know hereafter;" and his later words to the twelve: "Know ye what I have done unto you?" Certainly Peter and the rest knew what he had done, if the washing of their feet were all and had no significance other than humility.

And when Peter cries out against him: "Thou shalt never wash my feet," he is met with this answer: "If I wash thee not, thou hast no part with me." It is not, "If you do not wash yourself," but "If I wash thee not." It is not Peter's sense of need, not yours and mine, that lends the Lord to serve him and us, but his own sense of our need. Peter could not wash away sin, nor can I. There is One alone who can. And because I am united to him, he must do it, for he would be put to everlasting shame if he allowed the slightest stain to remain for an instant upon the poorest member of his mystical body.

He does not say, "No part in me," but "with me." In Christ is the unchallengeable position of every Christian, and it is because we are in him that he is so concerned about us. But with Christ is fellowship, and that this may be maintained, and restored when broken, he must see to the cleansing from the defilement of our practical ways. The twenty-third verse of the chapter reveals what that "part with" him is: "Now there was leaning on Jesus' bosom one of his disciples whom Jesus loved." The mention of that disciple's name here would have spoiled the whole story, for he is but the representative of them all, as verse one declares: "Having loved his own . . . he loved them unto the end." This is the holy intimacy to which he invites and welcomes all his own.

Peter then goes to the other extreme, "Not my feet only, but also my hands and my head." And to this the Lord replies: "He that is washed needeth not save to wash his feet, but is clean every whit." Here are two different words for "wash" whose significance is not brought out in the translation. The first means "to bathe" and the second "to rinse." He that is bathed, with the "washing of regeneration" is clean every whit. It is the judicial cleansing that his blood accomplishes once for all. The cleansing effected in the new birth is not repeated. Now, for the saint, it is "the washing of water by the word." He died to make us clean. He lives to keep us clean. We are made as clean as his precious blood can make us. We are kept as clean as the water in his basin and the towel in his hands can keep us. The feet are the symbol of our walk, and it is in our walk here on earth that we become defiled, needing his gracious ministry, our soiled feet in his blessed hands, where the responsibility becomes his. "The underlying imagery," says Doctor Scofield, "is of an oriental returning from the public baths to his house. His feet would contract defilement and require cleansing, but not his body. So the believer is cleansed as before the 'aw' from all sin 'once for all,' but needs ever to bring his daily sins to the Father in confession."

Recognizing Our Neighbor.

We cannot be wholly in love with high qualities if we fail to recognize them in others. When we cannot rejoice in the good deed of our neighbor because it is his there is something wrong with our hearts.

WAR RISK IS ON CURRENT BASIS

ALLOTMENT DIVISION WILL BE
ABLE TO CLOSE ITS DOORS
IN A SHORT TIME.

CONFLICT OF NAVAL VIEWS

American Experts Do Not Consider
the Battleship Obsolete, but Recognize
Fully the Great Importance of
Aviation in Naval Warfare.

By JAMES P. HORNADAY.

Washington.—The government is beginning to see daylight in its financial dealings with the 4,000,000 men who entered the world war. Within a short time the allotment division of the war risk bureau will be ready to close its doors. With the passing of that activity the government's financial responsibility to the service men will be through the insurance agreements it has made with them. Insurance of the insurance policies for the permanent (converted) government life insurance, which are desired by all the men who are insured, has been delayed pending the completion of legislation which now has been passed. The new policies are now being completed by the actuarial and legal experts and sent to the government printing office, and it is expected that they will be mailed out before June 1.

With the insurance business of the bureau on a current basis it is now anticipated that former service men who have been deterred from keeping up their insurance, by reason of the delays which they had experienced in the handling of their accounts, will take advantage of the liberal provisions for the reinstatement of war risk insurance by the payment of two monthly premiums and a satisfactory statement of health and will get back on the books.

Attractive Features of New Law.

The new law has made the insurance more attractive by enlarging the list of permitted beneficiaries to include parent, grandparent, step-parent, parent through adoption, wife or husband, child, grandchild, stepchild, adopted child, brother, sister, half-brother, half-sister, brother through adoption, sister through adoption, stepbrother, stepsister, uncle, aunt, nephew, niece, brother-in-law, sister-in-law, a person who has stood in the relation of a parent to the insured for a period of one year or more prior to the insured's enlistment or induction, the children of such person, parent, grandparent, step-parent or parent through adoption of the insured's wife or husband.

It is also anticipated that the provision of the new law which permits lump sum payments at the option of the insured or converted policy (ordinary life, twenty-payment life, thirty-payment life, twenty-year endowment, thirty-year endowment, and endowment at age sixty-two) will greatly increase the number of conversions into the permanent forms of government life insurance.

How to Obtain Reinstatement.

Many of the service men, it seems, do not know how to go about making an application for reinstatement of war risk insurance. The war risk bureau offers this advice:

"Former service men desiring to reinstate war risk insurance which has lapsed or been canceled, or to convert their insurance in case where it is now in force, should apply to any post of the American Legion, the Veterans of Foreign Wars, or other organizations of former service men, army, navy and marine corps, recruiting stations, state insurance commissioners, any home service section of the American Red Cross, Salvation Army, Knights of Columbus, Jewish Welfare board, Y. M. C. A., or to the fraternal or welfare organizations which are in a position to furnish blanks and necessary information. Or, if they prefer to do so, they should write directly to the insurance division, bureau of war risk insurance, Washington, D. C."

Former service men are assured that they will be answered promptly from now on with real letters, instead of with form paragraphs or unsatisfactory form letters. In all cases which require detailed and specific answers. Strides of great importance to the millions of former service men and their relatives and benefactors have been made toward bringing the insurance business of the bureau to an absolutely current basis in the prompt answering of mail and acknowledgment of premiums paid. The records of accumulated work disposed of show conclusively such an enormous and distinctive improvement in the expediting of the business that it is believed that within the next month the insurance division will be giving as rapid and accurate service as do any efficiently managed organizations in commercial life.

Opinions as to Navy Diff.

The two houses of congress will have to iron out many conflicting views in regard to the naval building program that is to be provided for in this session's naval appropriation bill. In one camp are the big navy men, in another the little navy men, and in between is a camp made up of senators and representatives who favor a middle ground course.

There were indications during the hearings that, if the committee recommends authorization of any new ships

at all this year, it will be inclined to modify the general board's program such as a substitution of one airplane-carrier for a battle-cruiser and cancellation of the 1916 authorization of 12 destroyers in favor of construction of five or six of the larger 2,000-ton type of destroyer with speed of 55 knots. There may be reluctance also in agreeing to construction of 10 scout-cruisers, although the argument made by the general board in that respect was regarded as convincing from a military point of view. So far as concerns battleships, our naval experts do not believe them to be rendered obsolete by developments in aircraft warfare and in methods of attack by torpedoes and mines.

Battleships Not Obsolete.

According to the expert view, none of the experiments that have been made in aviation and nothing that the experience gained in the war has demonstrated justifies relegation of the battleship to the junk pile. This is asserted, too, by officers that have the greatest respect for aviation and the greatest faith in its development, and who see in it one of the greatest factors in naval warfare with its possibilities as an agency of offense and defense. Unquestionably the big navy men have a strong argument in favor of their contention in the unsettled condition of world affairs. Two battleships, one battle-cruiser, ten scout-cruisers, five destroyers of the scylla type, three experimental submarines, two airplane-carriers, one destroyer-tender and one submarine-tender were recommended by the naval general board as the building program necessary for the navy to keep pace with requirements.

defense. Airplane carriers represent a new type on our program, although Great Britain has had specially-built vessels for that purpose for some time. It is regarded as one of the most important features of the program.

Busy Time for Politicians.

The national political convention season is now less than three months away. The intervening period will be a busy season for the politicians. Most of the delegates will be chosen during the months of April and May. While that work is going on the party leaders will be trying to arrive at conclusions as to the important declarations of the platforms.

The people—the voters—have a larger opportunity this year than ever to express their views in regard to candidates. Twenty-one states, through presidential preference primary laws, afford voters this opportunity. This list of states, together with the date of the primary and the number of delegates the state is entitled to have in the convention, is as follows:

New Hampshire, March 9 (already held); 8; North Dakota, March 10 (already held); 10; South Dakota, March 23, 10; Michigan, April 5, 30; New York, April 6, 85; Wisconsin, April 8, 26; Illinois, April 13, 58; Nebraska, April 20, 16; Montana, April 23, 8; Massachusetts, April 27, 35; California, May 4, 26; Indiana, May 4, 30; Pennsylvania, May 18, 76; Vermont, May 21, 8; Oregon, May 25, 10; Texas, May 25, 23; West Virginia, May 25, 16; Florida, June 8.

Fairly Represent the Nation.

These twenty-one states that have opened the way for the voter to express a direct preference for the presidential nominee will be represented in each convention by a total of nearly six hundred delegates. Moreover, the states are so located geographically as to represent in a most satisfactory way the country as a whole. States like New York, Pennsylvania, New Jersey and Massachusetts speak for the industrial East; states like Indiana, Illinois, Ohio and Michigan will voice the sentiment of the industrial and agricultural Midwest, while the Dakotas will reveal the sentiment of the agricultural Northwest, and California and Oregon will reflect the views of the Pacific coast.

It seems reasonably certain now that no candidate will go into either of the party conventions with prestige enough to insure him the nomination. At the present moment the greater interest centers in the Republican convention, which is to meet in Chicago, June 8, probably because it comes ahead of the Democratic convention. Recent weeks have not brought any changes worth noting in the field of Republican candidates. The avowed candidates, as revealed by the official applications they have made for consideration in the presidential preference primary states, are:

Sen. Leonard Wood, the country-club; Governor Frank O. Lowden, of Ill.; Senator Warren G. Harding, of Oh.; Senator William W. Johnson, of Calif.; and Senator Miles Poindexter, of Washington. Against his wishes Rep. Leon friends of Herbert Hoover have filed application of candidacy as a Republican in a few states, but the former food administrator continues to insist that he is not to be regarded as a candidate.

On the Democratic side the candidates are beginning to appear in spite of the fact that President Wilson continues to remain silent with respect to his intentions as to a third term. Gov. Edward I. Edwards of New Jersey and Attorney General A. Mitchell Palmer of Pennsylvania are now avowed candidates, and William G. McAdoo of New York, former secretary of the treasury, is also regarded as a candidate, although he has not in a formal way announced the fact. Herbert Hoover continues to enter into the Democratic calculations. Without his consent, he is being entered as a candidate in some of the primary states. Governor Edwards is seeking the nomination on a platform favoring the overthrow of prohibition.



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Asphaltate Shingles are furnished in red or green crushed slate surface. Non-fading and attractive. No painting or other up-keep expense.

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Finish your floors with Hanna's LUSTRO-FINISH, the combined stain-and-varnish. This superior product not only makes floors lustrous and beautiful, but it also wears. It dries with a tough, elastic film that makes the best possible surface for floors subject to severe wear and usage.

Hanna's LUSTRO-Finish can be supplied in eight natural wood colors. It's excellent not only for floors, but also for furniture, woodwork and the thousand and one small finishing purposes about the home.

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Main Street

Berea, Kentucky

Rival Gangs Clash in Restaurant.

Newark, N. J.—Two gangs of "gun-men" clashed in a restaurant and when the smoke cleared away the leader of each faction was found to be dead, and another man, said to have been a participant, was taken to a hospital in a serious condition. Enmity between gangs captured respectively by Arturo Papalardo and Patsy Henenunjo, has existed for some time, according to the police. Henenunjo and his brother, the police say, were on their way home when they saw Papalardo seated with five other men in the restaurant. They entered and the firing began. Walls, mirrors and windows of the restaurant were punctured with bullet holes, and the police found six revolvers on the floor. The restaurant employees disclaimed all knowledge of how the fight started.

Churches to Fight Reds.

Washington.—More than \$10,000,000 will be expended in the near future by Protestant churches in a campaign against the dissemination of red doctrines in this country. Announcement was made here by the National Inter-Church Committee, of which former Secretary of State Robert Lansing is honorary chairman, that a powerful alliance had been formed between a score of denominational church organizations to fight the Red menace, representing 70 per cent of the Protestant organizations.

Houses Flooded and Traffic Halted.

Havana, Cuba.—A heavy downpour of rain, accompanied by a hailstorm of unprecedented violence, swept this city, flooding houses in several of the lower sections of the city, paralyzing street car traffic for nearly two hours, and causing numerous minor accidents. The Spanish liner Cadiz was carried from her moorings by the gale, but timely assistance saved her from damage. The hailstorm, the first here in 16 years, is said to have been the heaviest and the hull stones the largest ever seen here.



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INCORPORATED
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Welch's Dept. Store
Berea, Ky.

Washington, March 22.—The nomination of Brainbridge Colby as secretary of state was confirmed late today by the Senate.

East Kentucky Correspondence News You Get Nowhere Else

No correspondence published unless signed in full by the writer. The name is not for publication, but as an evidence of good faith. Write plainly.

Jackson County News

Gray Hawk
Gray Hawk, March 15. — Arthur Hayes and Leonard Hayes have gone to Turkey Pool to work. — Born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Sandlin a fine girl. Dr. Godby is the physician. Mother and child are doing fine. — The doctor is very busy now with his many patients. — The following are on the sick list: Henry Fields' family, J. B. Bingham's family, Jerry Farmer's family, J. D. Robinson's family, Lewis Banta's family, Rice Isaacs', Miss Stella Begley and her baby. — School is closed on account of sickness. — The teacher's health is improving. — In view of these conditions the people of Gray Hawk are glad that Dr. Godby came when he did. — It is reported that J. F. Hayes has bought out D. M. Ward's farm, and Mr. Ward will seek another climate on account of his wife's failing health. — Miss Dessie Sizemore, one of Gray Hawk's best girls, has returned from Hamilton, Ohio, to care for Mrs. A. I. Pruitt, who raised her.

GARRARD COUNTY Paint Lick

Paint Lick, March 23. — Miss Amola Ramsey and Blaine Edridge were married in Jeffersonville last week. — Miss Maggie Wilson and Thurston Robinson were married last Saturday. We extend our best

wishes to both couples. — Morris Todd and Leslie Pruitt spent Saturday night and Sunday in Lexington with David Todd, who is attending school there. — Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Wynn and Mrs. A. H. Wynn visited Mr. and Mrs. Will Rogers and family at Red House, Monday. — Bennett Boopie left Monday for Detroit to bring back a Baby Grand roadster. — Miss Lucile Lackey, of Lancaster, was a week-end guest of Mrs. Henry Conn. — Miss Ethel Edridge, of Lancaster, spent the week-end with her home folks here. — Rice Woods spent Monday in Lancaster.

GARRARD COUNTY White Lick

White Lick, March 22. — Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Hounshell visited her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Foley, at Hackley, Saturday night and Sunday. — Mrs. Jennings Mozier visited Mrs. Monice McQuerry one day last week. — Miss Maggie Wilson, of the telephone exchange at Paint Lick, and Thurston Robinson went to Jellico last Thursday night and were married. They were accompanied by Miss Thelma Robinson and Paul Spillman. We wish the young married couple a long and happy life. — Mr. and Mrs. Walter Viars, who lived in Berea, moved into the house with Mr. and Mrs. James Roberts last week. — Mr. and Mrs. Henry Green gave the

young folks a social last Saturday night. — Farmers in this part are very busy now.

OWSLEY COUNTY Sturgeon

Sturgeon, March 14. — Wilson Brewer's family are all improving with the measles, except their little girl Bonnie, who is very poorly. — J. T. Wilson's family who have been confined to their beds with the flu are slowly improving. — The three youngest children of Clay Brewer, deceased, left March 10, accompanied by their uncle, Sherman Brewer, for the Masonic Orphans' Home, Louisville, Ky. — Mrs. Melvin Pryse has moved to Hamilton, Ohio, where her husband is employed. — Mr. and Mrs. S. C. Rice and Mrs. Mary Wilson visited sick folks at Wilson Brewer's Sunday afternoon. — H. C. Spence has recently moved his saw mill to Fravis where he will saw ties and lumber. — The oil rig moved to Endee has recently begun operation.

Earnestville

Earnestville, March 15. — The death angel visited the home of Mrs. Ella Moore last week and took her beloved husband and daughter home. They both left a sweet testimony that they were willing and ready to go. Mrs. Moore is very ill with pneumonia. — Charley Jackson, of Iowa, Ky., and Mrs. Sarah Warren, of Hamilton, Ohio were called to the bedside of their mother, Mrs. Malinda Jackson, also their sister, Mrs. Moore who are very ill. — Miss Ida Bowman has returned from Ravenna, where she has been employed. — Mrs. Silas Simpson is still very low with flu. — George Jackson, of Seoville visited his mother Sunday. — C. T. Gabbard's entertained a large crowd of neighbors and friends to dinner Sunday. — Born to Mr. and Mrs. Ballard Begley a fine boy March 15. — Miss Mae Gabbard visited C. D. Gabbard's Monday. — Mrs. Lucy Brandenburg who has had the flu, is improving. — Mr. Tilford Crockett's baby has been very ill.

Seoville

Seoville, March 20. — The flu patients are getting along very well now. No new cases. — Uncle Abraham Rowland died March 17 of flu. He leaves a wife and several chil-

den, many relatives and friends. — Mrs. Bud Hale died Sunday morning, March 7th, of flu, and was buried Tuesday morning. The eldest son, Alon, who was in Middletown, 11, arrived a few hours before the funeral. She leaves her father, husband and nine children, the youngest being only four weeks old. — The children of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Todd, who have been so low with flu, are all improving except one. — Mr. and Mrs. Nick Crawford, of Laurel, were summoned to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Wilson Todd, March 8th. — Carl and Hubert Flannery, of Hamilton, O., came home to wait on their folks who had the flu. — Mrs. W. C. Hooley and little daughter, Verna Brown, spent yesterday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Jackson.

Travelers Rest

Travelers Rest, March 22. — The largest tide of the season in Sturgeon came Friday. — Born to Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Marcum, the 15th, a boy. His name is William Virgil. — Born to Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Becknell, March 9th, a girl. Her name is Edith. — Misses Mae and Cora Gabbard were dinner guests of Flora Dotner, Sunday. — Misses Grace and Ethel Cecil were dinner guests of Mrs. W. P. Minler Sunday. — James Jackson, of Berea, traveling salesman for Lexington Dry Goods Co., has been stopping at Uncle Ben Dotner's since Thursday. — Mesdames Dugoin Dotner, Conard Mainous, Bump Bailey, Elizabeth Bamey visited at the home of J. F. Marcum Thursday. — Briscoe and Clyde Oliver are planning to go to Hamilton, O., the coming week. — Mr. and Mrs. V. S. Brewer were dinner guests of F. F. and E. E. McGallum, Sunday.

MADISON COUNTY Walnut Meadow

Walnut Meadow, March 23. — Mr. Clemmons and family, of Jackson County, came Sunday to visit their daughter, Mrs. Elmer Stewart. — Saturday night, there were bells ringing, guns firing, voices yelling, and it proved to be an old time charivari when Thurston Robinson and his bride came to his grandmother's Mrs. Hannah Shackley's. — Luther Ogle is very sick at this time — not able to go to school. — The scrape of the harrow and the loud "whoa"

EGGS FOR HATCHING

Single Comb Rhode Island Reds

One setting . . . \$1.50 In lots of 50 . . . \$4.00
Two settings . . . 2.75 In lots of 100 . . . 7.00
Special pens, per setting \$3.00

Send in your orders early to the County Agent, Berea, Ky.

Berea Rhode Island Red Poultry Association Berea, Kentucky

"HELP PAINT EASTERN KENTUCKY RED."

and "gee" can be heard on every side.

Silver Creek

Silver Creek, March 22. — Mrs. Charlie Baker has been spending a few days in this community. — Ruth Harris has about recovered from small-pox. — Cam Neely's baby has pneumonia. — Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Mitchell, of Cincinnati, and Mrs. Ellen Mitchell, of Berea, spent Thursday with Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Johnson. — Rev. VanWinkle filled his regular appointment Saturday and Sunday. — The five-months-old baby of Mr. and Mrs. Less Gibson, of Lancaster, was buried in the Silver Creek cemetery March 1st.

Coyle

Coyle, March 22. — The farmers are busy sowing tobacco beds. — There was an entertainment at Speedwell graded school last Friday night. A large crowd was present. — Mrs. Jas. Turner and Cynthia and Emma Powell are very poorly. — Mr. and Mrs. Melard Edwards and Mr. and Mrs. Luther Witt were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Todd last Sunday. — Mrs. Candia Hendrix is with home folks this week, her mother being in poor health. — Clifton and Luella Powell were in Berea visiting last Saturday and Sunday. — Mrs. Park Dunney, while out driving, was thrown from her buggy and seriously hurt.

Panola

Panola, March 22. — The farmers are busy sowing tobacco beds, and plowing. Work has been greatly retarded on account of the bad weather. — The families of J. B. Kin-dred, and O. Carr are recovering from the influenza. — Clarence Bengtson had the flu. — Friends regret to hear of the deaths of Dawson Elliot and Fountain Scarborough from flu.

Harts Settlement

Harts Settlement, March 22. — Everybody around in our neighborhood is planning to do a lot of farming this season. In every bunch of men, one can hear their conversation is on farming, and each one telling what he is planning to raise. — Misses Ella and Nora Turner and Cynthia and Emma Powell are very poorly. — Mr. and Mrs. Melard Edwards and Mr. and Mrs. Luther Witt were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Joe Todd last Sunday. — Mrs. Candia Hendrix is with home folks this week, her mother being in poor health. — Clifton and Luella Powell were in Berea visiting last Saturday and Sunday. — Mrs. Park Dunney, while out driving, was thrown from her buggy and seriously hurt.

Panola

Panola, March 13. — There are several cases of flu and measles in this section. — M. Logsdon's folks and J. McIntosh's folks have measles. (Continued on Page Five)

No More War Flour Potts' GOLD DUST Flour

Returns to its before-the-war
high standard of quality

Once Tried . . . Always Used

Only 6 More Sale Days Remain in Big March Sale

Have you been in the throng that have visited our store during our Big March Sale? Hundreds of people in the county have taken advantage of the big reductions on Furniture which has been thrown into this sale unreservedly, and have saved anywhere from 10 to 20 per cent on their purchases.

This has been a busy month at our store, and we have sent many customers out smiling over the savings we have given them.

There still remain six more shopping days in March in which you have the opportunity of securing the same bargains that have characterized this sale since it started the first of the month. We have advertised our reductions in the daily paper on the many standard lines carried in our wonderful stock, but for fear that someone has overlooked these bargain prices, we quote them below and offer them for the remainder of the month.

Get busy now, and save money on things that you have wanted for many months. We make an unusual offer to you in the way that a small deposit on any advertised article will be laid away for you, the balance to be paid to suit your convenience.

PARLOR SUITES

3 piece \$350 value, Overstuffed . . . sale price \$298.00
3 piece \$185 value, Overstuffed . . . sale price \$158.50
3 piece \$150 value, Mahogany . . . sale price \$125.00
3 piece \$110 value, Mahogany . . . sale price \$89.98

DINING ROOM SUITES

1 Queen Anne Mahogany Dining Room Suite, with arm chair and 5 straight chairs, value \$350.00, reduced in this sale to . . . \$300.00
1 Queen Anne Walnut Dining Room Suite, with arm chair and 5 straight chairs, \$325.00 value, reduced in this sale to . . . \$275.00
1 Splendid Dining Room Oak Suit, \$250 value . . . \$200.00
9 piece \$350 value, Queen Anne, walnut . . . sale price \$300.00
9 piece \$325 value, Queen Anne, mahogany . . . sale price \$275.00
9 piece \$350 value, Windsor, walnut finish . . . sale price \$300.00
9 piece \$250 value, Golden Oak . . . sale price \$218.00
9 piece \$175 value, Golden Oak . . . sale price \$138.00
9 piece \$150 value, Golden Oak . . . sale price \$113.00
1 Splendid Dining Room Oak Suit, \$200 value . . . \$150.00
\$50.00 Dining Room Table, reduced in this sale to . . . \$42.50
\$30.00 Dining Room Table, reduced in this sale to . . . \$22.50

BED ROOM FURNITURE

3 piece \$350 value, Windsor, Mahogany . . . sale price \$300.00
3 piece \$355 value, Walnut . . . sale price \$250.00
3 piece \$300 value, Golden Oak . . . sale price \$250.00
3 piece \$275 value, Walnut . . . sale price \$225.00
3 piece \$350 value, American Walnut . . . sale price \$300.00
3 piece \$100 value, Mahogany . . . sale price \$85.00

DAVONETTES

\$85 value, Golden Oak, black leather . . . sale price \$68.50
\$85 value, Golden Oak, Spanish leather . . . sale price \$68.50
\$85 value, Mahogany, Spanish leather . . . sale price \$68.50
\$75 value, Mahogany, Spanish leather . . . sale price \$62.50
\$65 value, Golden Oak, black leather . . . sale price \$52.50
\$65 value, Mahogany, black leather . . . sale price \$52.50
\$50 value, Spanish leather, Golden Oak . . . sale price \$38.50

REST GOOD HAIR MATTRESSES

\$35.00 value, reduced to . . . \$29.50
\$45.00 Ostermore, reduced to . . . \$38.50
\$32.00 Knypock, reduced to . . . \$27.50
\$30.00 Knypock, reduced to . . . \$26.50
\$30.00 Fell, reduced to . . . \$26.50
\$25.00 Fell, reduced to . . . \$21.50
\$20.00 Fell, reduced to . . . \$17.98
\$18.00 Fell, reduced to . . . \$14.98
\$15.00 Fell, reduced to . . . \$12.98
\$10.00 Combination, reduced to . . . \$8.98
\$ 8.50 Combination, reduced to . . . \$6.50

BED SPRINGS

A 25 Year Guarantee

\$22.00 value, M. A. Hunt, Royal Blue, double deck . . . \$18.50
\$22.00 value, Simmons Double Deck . . . sale price \$18.50
\$15.00 value, Simmons Slumber King . . . sale price \$11.98
\$15.00 value, Shannon Autocrat . . . sale price \$11.98
\$15.00 value, M. A. Hunt Rest Good . . . sale price \$11.98
\$12.00 value, Shannon . . . sale price \$9.98
\$10.00 Simmons . . . sale price \$7.98
\$ 8.50 Simmons . . . sale price \$6.98
\$ 6.50 Simmons . . . sale price \$5.98
\$ 5.00 Simmons . . . sale price \$3.98

QUALITY BRAND ALUMINUM WARE

A 20 Year Guarantee

\$3.50 Tea Kettle . . . sale price \$2.98
\$2.50 Double Boiler . . . sale price \$1.98
\$2.50 Roaster . . . sale price \$1.98
\$2.50 Percolators . . . sale price \$1.98
\$3.00 Water Pitchers . . . sale price \$2.50

GO-CARTS AND BABY CARRIAGES

A few Baby Cribs at . . . \$6.50, \$7.75, \$8.75
15 Go-Carts, regular \$12 value . . . sale price \$8.75
4 Go-Carts, regular \$12.50 value . . . sale price \$10.00
6 Go-Carts, regular value \$20.00 . . . sale price \$15.00
4 Go-Carts, regular value \$22.00 . . . sale price \$17.50

Factory Prices on STRAIGHT PIANOS During March Sale

\$600.00 Pianos, reduced to . . . \$475.00
\$550.00 Pianos, reduced to . . . \$425.00
\$500.00 Pianos, reduced to . . . \$375.00
A few used Pianos will be sold during this sale at . . . \$175.00
Several used Organs will be sold for . . . \$25.00

RUGS—RUGS—RUGS—RUGS

Willow Velvet Rugs . . . 9x12 \$100.00 value \$79.50
Turkish Rugs . . . 9x12 \$85.00 value \$69.50
Axminster Rugs . . . 9x12 \$89.00 value \$69.50
Axminster Rugs . . . 9x12 \$75.00 value \$62.50
Axminster Rugs . . . 9x12 \$55.00 value \$47.50
Tapestry Brussels Rugs . . . 9x12 \$40.00 value \$34.50
Tapestry Brussels Rugs . . . 9x12 \$35.00 value \$29.50
Wool Fibre Rugs . . . 9x12 \$25.00 value \$19.50
Crest Rugs . . . 9x12 \$18.50 value \$16.98
Crest Rugs . . . 9x12 \$15.00 value \$9.98
Fibre Rugs . . . 9x12 \$15.00 value \$9.98
Straw Matting . . . 9x12 \$8.50 value \$6.98
Straw Matting . . . 9x12 \$6.50 value \$4.98
Burlap Linoleum, per square yard . . . \$1.25
Felt Base, per square yard . . . 75c

Come in and see the Quality of these Rugs

McDOUGAL KITCHEN CABINETS

\$95.00 Kitchen Cabinets, reduced to . . . \$74.98
\$75.00 Kitchen Cabinets, reduced to . . . \$67.48
\$65.00 Kitchen Cabinets, reduced to . . . \$62.48
\$45.00 Kitchen Cabinets, reduced to . . . \$39.98
\$35.00 Kitchen Cabinets, reduced to . . . \$29.98
\$32.50 Kitchen Cabinets, reduced to . . . \$24.98

OLD HICKORY AND FIBRE FURNITURE is being offered during this Sale at 10 PER CENT DISCOUNT.

Upholstering and Embalming
Furnishings for the Home

MUNCY BROTHERS

Two Big Store Rooms
Clay Building, Richmond, Ky.